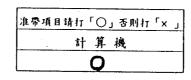
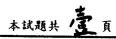
淡江大學九十一學年度日間部轉學生招生考試試題

系別:化學工程學系三年級

科目:質能均衡

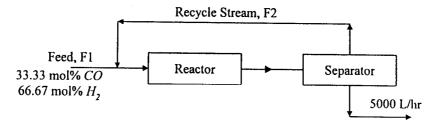




1. Methanol is synthesized by the reaction of carbon monoxide with hydrogen,

$$CO + 2H_2 \rightarrow CH_3OH$$

15% of CO is converted to CH_3OH (the density is 74 g/L) in the reactor. From the reactor, the material flows to a separator where the pure CH_3OH product is separated as a liquid from the unreacted gases. These gases are then recycled back to the feed stream so that the process runs economically. The process is shown below,



Calculate

- (a) the molar flow rate of feed gas (F1), [20 pts]
- (b) the molar flow rate of recycle gas (F2). [20 pts]
- 2. A binary mixture (A + B) which obeys the Raoult's law is injected into a vacuum chamber. When the liquid mixture is in equilibrium with its vapor phase, the chamber is at 560 mmHg and 20 °C. Estimate the compositions (mole fractions) of liquid and gas phases at the equilibrium. [20 pts]

(Note: $P_A^*(20 \, {}^{o}C) = 600 \,\text{mmHg}$ and $P_B^*(20 \, {}^{o}C) = 500 \,\text{mmHg}$)

- 3. Write the simplified energy balances (i.e., the relation between all types of energy involved in the process) for the following changes:
 - (a) A fluid is allowed to flow through slightly opened valve from a region where its pressure is 15 atm and 628 K to a region where its pressure is 3 atm, the whole operation being adiabatic. [20 pts]
 - (b) 1 lb_m of gas at 100 psia and 370 °F, enclosed in a cylinder fitted with a movable frictionless piston, is kept at a constant volume until the temperature has falled to 250 °F. [20 pts]