淡江大學 108 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別:數學學系

考試日期:3 月 10 日(星期日) 第 2 節

科目:統計學

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1. (10%) If X has distribution given by P(X = 0) = P(X = 2) = p and P(X = 1) = 1 - 2p for $0 \le p \le 1/2$, for what p is the variance of X a maximum?

2. (20%) a) State the central limit theorem, and Chebyshev's theorem. b) A random sample of size n = 81 is taken from an infinite population with the mean 128 and standard deviation 6.3. With what probability can we assert that the value we obtain for \overline{X} will not fall between 126.6 and 129.4 if we use the central limit theorem; and Chebyshev's theorem? [You may use the c.d.f. $\phi(z)$ of N(0, 1) for your answer.]

3. (10%) Consider two random variables X and Y with the joint p.d.f. f(x,y) = 12xy(1-y), 0 < x < 1, 0 < y < 1. Find the probability density of $Z = XY^2$.

4. (30%) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a random sample from distribution with the p.d.f. $f(x) = \frac{1}{\theta} e^{-x/\theta}, \ 0 < x < \infty, \theta > 0.$ a) Find the moment-generating function, and what are the mean and variance? b) Find the maximum likelihood estimate of θ . Is it a sufficient estimator of θ ? Why?

5. (20%) Let X_1, X_2 denote a random sample of size 2 from the distribution in Problem 4. Consider the simple hypothesis $H_0: \theta = 2$ against $H_1: \theta = 4$. a) Show that the best test of H_0 against H_1 may be the statistic $X_1 + X_2$. b) Consider a critical region $C = \{(x_1, x_2): x_1 + x_2 \ge 9\}$, find the significant level and the power function of this test.

6. (10%) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a random sample from distribution with the p.d.f. $f(x) = 1/\theta$, $0 < x < \theta$. Show that the largest sample value, i.e., the *n*th order statistic Y_n , is a biased estimator of θ . And modify this estimator of θ to make it unbiased.

