

淡江大學 107 學年度日間部寒假轉學生招生考試試題

系別： 物理系三年級

科目： 應用數學

27-1

考試日期：1月13日(星期日) 第2節

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1 (10%+10%) Consider an ordinary differential equation (ODE) given by

$$(1-xy)\frac{dy}{dx} + y^2 + 3xy^3 = 0.$$

- (a) Find the integration factor $\mu(x,y)$ to turn this ODE into an exact differential equation. [Hint: Try $\mu(x,y) = x^\alpha y^\beta$ and determine α and β .]
- (b) Solve this differential equation.

2 (10%+10%+10%)

- (a) Obtain the general solution of the homogeneous ODE $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 0$.
- (b) Find a particular solution of the inhomogeneous ODE $y'' - 4y' + 4y = xe^{2x}$.
- (c) Find the solution of $y'' - 4y' + 4y = xe^{2x}$ satisfying the initial conditions: $y(x=0) = 0$ and $y'(x=0) = 1$.

3 (20%) Determine the series solution of the ODE $y'' - xy = 0$ satisfying the initial conditions: $y(x=0) = 1$ and $y'(x=0) = 0$.

4 (12%+6%+12%)

- (a) Find the sine/cosine Fourier series for the function $f(x)$ with the period of 2 defined as $x+1$ for $-1 \leq x < 0$ and $-x+1$ for $0 \leq x < 1$.
- (b) Using the Fourier expansion obtained for $f(x)$ in (a), find the sine/cosine Fourier series for the function $f(x)$ with the period of 2 defined as 0 for $-1 \leq x < 0$ and 1 for $0 \leq x < 1$.
- (c) Use the Fourier series in (a) and (b) to show that

$$S_1 = 1 + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \frac{1}{7^2} + \dots = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8} \text{ and}$$

$$S_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n-1} = \frac{\pi}{4}.$$