

淡江大學 106 學年度進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系別：各學系二、三年級

科目：英 文

1-1

考試日期：7 月 19 日(星期三) 第 1 節

本試題共 2 大題， 5 頁

Part 1: Sentence Structure (Choose the best answer to each question) (40%)

1. Donald Trump's inauguration speech _____ border patrol and American patriotism.
a. emphasis b. emphasized on c. emphasizes d. emphasizes that
2. The Basset Hound's ears are huge in proportion _____ its body size.
a. of b. to c. on d. with
3. Although E. Dickinson is now a famous American poet, only 6 of her poems _____ while she was alive.
a. publishing b. to publish c. have published d. were published
4. Please pay attention _____ what the tour guide says.
a. on b. of c. to d. from
5. Zack felt that this neighbors _____ if they could have spoken the same language.
a. would have gotten along b. can get along c. got along d. will get along
6. The world's rainforests are being cut down at the rate _____ 4,000 acres per hour.
a. on b. for c. of d. in
7. Guppies are sometimes called rainbow fish _____ the males' bright colors.
a. so that b. because of c. because d. such that
8. English is used by scientists and scholars all over the world _____ international communication.
a. for b. with c. to d. in
9. Due to the typhoon, the *Uni Air* flight from Taipei to Kaohsiung was _____.
a. dropped off b. taken off c. broken out d. called off
10. Recently, barefoot running _____ among both casual and competitive athletes.
a. was popular b. has gained popularity c. had been popular d. popularizes
11. Japanese can be easily understood _____ speakers' native accents.
a. despite b. although c. because d. however
12. _____ gold in 1848 transformed San Francisco from a quiet port into a world-famous city.
a. To discover b. The discovery of c. Being discovering d. Having discovered
13. Malaria, which can be fatal if left untreated, is transmitted by the female, _____ by the male, mosquito.
a. however b. not c. instead d. despite
14. _____ several years for bamboo seeds to grow into plants that can be used for commercial purposes.
a. It costs b. It makes c. It takes d. It needs
15. Efforts to provide equal opportunity for minorities in the U.S. _____ from the 1964 Civil Rights Acts.
a. dating b. may say to date c. may be said to date d. to date may be said
16. The U.S. consists of 50 states, _____ has its own government.
a. each of which b. each they c. they each d. each of
17. John McCarthy _____ the term "Artificial Intelligence" in 1955.
a. came up with b. caught up c. put on d. turned off
18. The purpose of traveler's checks is to protect travelers from theft and accidental _____ of money.
a. lost b. being lost c. loss d. being loss
19. When satellites _____, it affects TV, cell phones, and GPS.
a. put out b. go out c. come out d. take out
20. Michelle's grandpa _____ last night, but he's doing o.k. right now in MacKay Memorial Hospital.
a. passed away b. passed out c. called off d. put off

背面尚有試題

本試題係由印刷

淡江大學 106 學年度進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系別：各學系二、三年級

科目：英 文

1-2

考試日期：7 月 19 日(星期三) 第 1 節

本試題共 2 大題， 5 頁

Part 2: Reading Comprehension (60%)



The Pros and Cons of the Circus Animals

Attending a circus event is a rite of passage for many youngsters. Generations of people have brought their children to see wild circus animals. Global awareness of animal rights and wildlife conservation efforts are changing the sentimental feelings the circus once provoked. China has banned animal circuses and Bolivia has banned live animals from traveling circuses. As of 2017, the British government also is working a policy pertaining to wild animals in circuses.

Potential Breeding Program

Circus animals such as tigers and elephants are on the endangered species list. Circus animals bred into captivity increase the species' odds of survival. Banning circuses from using animals would decrease the number of species in captivity and increase the chance of extinction. However, some circuses won't allow their animals to breed. Circus demands for wild animals increase the numbers of animals removed from wild. Efforts need to be made to encourage circus owners to breed animals to maintain captive animal populations and reduce the number of wild animals removed from their natural environments.

Circus Animals' Fate

Circus animals age and eventually outgrow their usefulness. Finding suitable homes for former circus animals is difficult. Retired animals must be placed in a zoo, sanctuary or with an individual trained to care for wild animals. *Carson and Barnes Circus* supports its own herd of retired elephants in Oklahoma. It is illegal to euthanize endangered species for no reason. Circuses must report all endangered species deaths to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Animal rights activists object to the overwhelming number of animals that have died due to abusive treatment and lack of veterinary care in circuses.

Condemning Cultural Traditions

Some cultural traditions are founded upon animal **exploitation** for entertainment purposes. Bull fighting practices are legal in Spain, Mexico, and parts of France. Although bull fighting is extremely cruel, banning bull fighting would affect the bull fighting cultural tradition. Proponents of using animals for entertainment argue that condemning animal related events shows a lack of sensitivity toward cultural traditions. The circus is a cultural tradition in the U.S. and throughout the world. Restricting animal use in a circus show could be viewed as an **infringement** on an individual's right to enjoy animal acts. Differing viewpoints regarding what constitutes animal abuse compounds this issue.

Quality of Life

Circuses train wild animals to perform unnatural acts for human amusement. Training techniques involve using whips and other devices to force animals to act. Proponents claim that there is evidence that animals enjoy performing and that they form bond with trainers. Circus animals are forced to live in a cage, travel extensively and exist in an unnatural environment. Proponents view circus animals as an opportunity for children to view and appreciate animals. Opponents argue that animal circus acts are demeaning to animals and do not teach children how to appreciate and respect wild animals.

1. The text organization of this passage is _____.
a. Classification b. Comparison/Contrast c. Narration d. Argumentation
2. The word "exploitation" is closest in meaning to _____.
a. survival b. exploration c. knowledge d. abuse
3. According to this passage, which statement is **NOT** true?
a. In the U.S, euthanasia of endangered species for no reason is illegal.
b. Bull fighting practices are legal in only parts of France.
c. Circuses all over the world breed their own animals.
d. Animal circuses are illegal in China.
4. The word "infringement" is closest in meaning to _____.
a. improvement b. protection c. solution d. violation
5. This article is most likely seen in _____.
a. *Vogue* magazine b. *NBA* website c. *Cosplay* newsletter d. *Discovery* channel



Pet Psychics

If you have pets, you may have wondered whether they know what you're thinking. Perhaps your cat hides when you start planning a trip to the vet. Or maybe your dog runs in circles when you think about going out to play. Both of these events can have logical explanations. Your cat might have heard you pull the carrier off the shelf; your dog must have seen you glance at a favorite ball. But pet psychics, also known as animal intuitives or animal communicators, would explain these events a little

淡江大學 106 學年度進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系別：各學系二、三年級

科目：英 文

1-3

考試日期：7月19日(星期三) 第1節

本試題共 2 大題， 5 頁

differently. According to most pet psychics, you communicate with your pets telepathically all the time, without even knowing it. Your cat hides and your dog gets ready to play because of signals you send with your mind, not because of your actions.

Pet psychics claim that they can take this one step further. They intentionally use their minds to talk to animals. Some psychics claim to talk to wild animals, but many focus primarily on pets. They talk to pet owners, whom they often refer to as human companions, by phone or in person. For a fee, they then relay telepathic messages to and from pets. The pets don't even have to be present—often, psychics use photographs or descriptions to make contact.

Sometimes, people just want to check in with their pets. But many people seek the advice of pet psychics for a specific reason, such as:

- The pet is lost, and its owner wants to figure out where it is or encourage it to return home. (Not all pet psychics take missing pet cases.)
- The pet is behaving inappropriately, and its owner wants to find out why and get it to stop.
- The pet is very sick or badly injured, and its owner is trying to decide whether to have it euthanized.
- The pet has died, and the owner wants to contact the pet's spirit. (Only some pet psychics will act as mediums for deceased pets.)

This kind of animal communication is a paranormal phenomenon. It is a combination of telepathy and clairvoyance, which are forms of extrasensory perception (ESP). Most pet psychics explain it in terms of energy. According to pet psychics, electromagnetic energy surrounds and penetrates everything in the universe, much like the force in "Star Wars." This energy is part of the radio spectrum, but scientists haven't figured out how to detect it. Pet psychics can use energy to contact animals, no matter how far away the animals are or whether they are still living.

6. What does this passage mainly discuss?
- a. How pet psychics work
 - b. Why psychics lie to pet owners
 - c. The bonding between pets and their owners
 - d. How psychics help lost pets get home
7. Pet owners seek pet psychic's advice in the following situations, EXCEPT ____.
- a. when a dog is lost
 - b. when a horse is in labor
 - c. when a cat is very ill
 - d. when a rabbit has died
8. According to this passage, which statement is true?
- a. All psychics communicate with wild animals.
 - b. Scientists have fully understood how to detect electromagnetic energy.
 - c. Pet psychics refer to pet owners as "human companions."
 - d. Pet psychics are always free of charge.
9. According to this passage, what does "ESP" stand for?
- a. English for Specific Purposes
 - b. Extrasolar Planets
 - c. Electronic Stability Program
 - d. Extrasensory Perception
10. The word "penetrates" is closest in meaning to ____.
- a. distracts
 - b. increases
 - c. harms
 - d. goes through



Lance Armstrong

Lance Armstrong was born on September 18, 1971, in Plano, Texas, a northern suburb of Dallas. At the age of 12, he began his sporting career as a swimmer at the City of Plano Swim Club and finished fourth in Texas state 1,500-meter freestyle. He stopped swimming after seeing a poster for a junior triathlon which he entered and won easily.

In the 1987-1988 Tri-Fed/Texas ("Tri-Fed" was the former name of USA Triathlon), Armstrong was the number one ranked triathlete in the 19-and-under group. Armstrong's points total for 1987 as an amateur was better than the five professionals ranked that year. At 16, Armstrong became a professional triathlete and became national sprint-course triathlon champion in 1989 and 1990 at 18 and 19, respectively.

It became clear that his greatest talent was for bicycle racing after he won the U.S. amateur championship in 1991. Representing the U.S., he finished 14th in the 1992 Summer Olympics. This performance earned him his first professional contract with Motorola with whom he won his first race, the Trophee Laigueglia in Italy. Also in 1992, Armstrong competed in the Tour of Ireland race.

背面尚有...

淡江大學 106 學年度進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系別：各學系二、三年級

科目：英 文

1-4

考試日期：7月19日(星期三) 第1節

本試題共 2 大題， 5 頁

In 1993, Armstrong won 10 one-day events and stage races. He became one of the youngest riders to win the UCI Road World Championship, and took his first stage win at the 1993 Tour de France. He was in 97th place overall when abandoned in the Alps after the 12th stage.

On October 2, 1996, at age 25, Armstrong was diagnosed with stage three testicular cancer. The cancer had spread to his lungs, abdomen, and brain. On that first visit to a urologist in Austin, Texas, for his cancer symptoms he was already coughing up blood and had a large, painful testicular tumor. Immediate surgery and chemotherapy were required to save his life. Armstrong had an orchiectomy to remove his diseased testicle. After his surgery his doctor admitted that he had less than a 40% survival chance.

The standard chemotherapeutic regimen for the treatment of this type of cancer is a cocktail of the drugs BEP (bleomycin, etoposide, and Platinol). Armstrong, however, chose an alternative, EIP (etoposide, ifosfamide, and Platinol), to avoid the lung toxicity associated with the drug bleomycin. This decision may have saved his cycling career. His primary treatment was received at the Indiana University, Indianapolis, Medical Center, where Dr. Lawrence Einhorn had pioneered the use of cisplatin to treat testicular cancer. His primary oncologist there was Dr. Craig Nichols. Also at IU, his brain tumors were surgically removed and found to be necrotic. His last chemotherapy treatment was received on December 13, 1996.

In 1997, Armstrong founded the Lance Armstrong Foundation, which supports people affected by cancer.

His cancer went into complete **remission**, and by January 1998 he was already engaged in serious training for racing, moving to Europe to race for the U.S. Postal team. A pivotal week (April, 1998) in his comeback was one he spent training in the very challenging Appalachian terrain around Boone, North Carolina, with his racing friend Bob Roll.

In 2007, Armstrong with Andre Agassi, Muhammad Ali, and many others founded *Athletes for Hope*, a charity which helps professional athletes get involved in charitable causes and inspires non-athletes to volunteer and support the community.

Armstrong announced on September 9, 2008 that he would return to pro cycling with the express goal of participating in the 2009 Tour de France. "After talking with my children, my family and my closest friends, I have decided to return to professional cycling in order to raise awareness of the global cancer burden," Armstrong said on his *livestrong.org* website.

11. According to this passage, which statement is inaccurate?
- Armstrong is currently 46 years old.
 - This is a short biography of Armstrong.
 - Armstrong returned to professional cycling to raise cancer awareness.
 - Armstrong published a book about his fight against cancer.
12. The word "amateur" is closest in meaning to ____.
- underaged
 - non-professional
 - immature
 - foreign
13. Armstrong had been to the following countries, EXCEPT:
- France
 - Germany
 - Ireland
 - Italy
14. The "*Athletes for Hope*" was founded by the following professionals, EXCEPT ____.
- Tennis player
 - Cyclist
 - Soccer player
 - Boxer
15. The word "remission" is closest in meaning to ____.
- reduction
 - disaster
 - mystery
 - cycle



Columnist *Ann Landers* answers questions from three ladies.

Dear Ann Landers:

Our son and his wife have separated after two months of marriage and will be divorcing shortly. They want to know what to do about the wedding gifts. Should gifts be returned when the marriage does not last six months? Many friends have said their gifts should be kept and that my son and his wife should divide them. Gifts of money were spent already on the honeymoon and on furnishing the house.

Sue in Kentucky

Dear Sue:

According to Letitia Baldrige, foremost authority on etiquette, the couple should keep the gifts. There is always the possibility that they will get back together before the divorce is final, and if not, friends will feel so saddened by the news that a returned gift would make them feel worse.

Ann Landers

Dear Ann Landers:

I am 29 years old and divorced my husband a year ago when I discovered he was a world-class con artist. I have been seeing a therapist and am moving in a healthy direction. I feel I'm getting my confidence back and am enjoying my

淡江大學 106 學年度進修學士班轉學生招生考試試題

系別：各學系二、三年級

科目：英 文

1-5

考試日期：7 月 19 日(星期三) 第 1 節

本試題共 2 大題， 5 頁

independence. For the past few months, I have been dating a wonderful man who seems serious about me.

My problem is, I become both excited and frightened when "Clark" and I talk about a future together. My concern is that he makes a very modest salary that barely covers his living expenses. For five years, I was married to a man who spent money as if it grew on trees, and it was up to me to make ends meet.

I had a very good job, but it was never enough. When we split, I swore I would never allow myself to get in that position again.

Clark is considerate and caring, and we get along great, but I find myself looking for things about him that aren't perfect. I am not sure whether my concern is based on common sense or whether I am simply afraid to marry a man who is down a lot lower on the pay scale than I'd like him to be. I haven't told Clark about my fears because I don't want to hurt his feelings or make him feel inadequate. He believes I am hesitating about a commitment because my past experience soured me on relationships. He thinks I will come around if I have a little more time.

I don't want to end a great relationship, but I don't want to struggle financially like I did before. Please help me sort this out.

Kelly in N.Y.

Dear Kelly:

What you need is time to clear your head. Don't make any hasty decisions. Keep seeing Clark, but don't pass up any opportunities to date others. In due time, you will decide whether your feelings for Clark are strong enough to **triumph** over the financial insecurity. Let me know how this turns out.

Ann Landers

Dear Ann Landers:

I am dating a man who has an 8-year-old son. My boyfriend, "Tom," believes he is raising the next Michael Jordan and Tiger Woods combined. The kid is constantly throwing balls inside the house—basketballs, footballs, golf balls, whatever. My boyfriend sees nothing wrong with it, but I cannot tolerate such behavior. Am I being unreasonable?

Abby in Ohio

Dear Abby:

Yes, you're being unreasonable. Tell the boy that he can play ball in the house—until he breaks something, and then he has to pay for it and play outside thereafter. That should keep him careful, while maintaining peace in your relationship with his dad.

Ann Landers

16. The text organization of this passage is _____.

- a. Categorization b. Q & A c. Cause-effect d. Comparison/Contrast

17. According to this passage, which statement is **NOT** true?

- a. Abby's boyfriend is a father.
b. Ann Landers urges Kelly to break up with her boyfriend immediately.
c. All the ladies that wrote to Ann Landers reside in the U.S.
d. Ann Landers suggests Sue not to return the wedding gifts.

18. According to this passage, which statement is true?

- a. Kelly's ex-husband is an extremely frugal man.
b. Tom believes his son will soon be an excellent baseball player.
c. Kelly got divorced at the age of 28.
d. Clark is making much more money than Kelly wants him to.

19. The word "triumph" is closest in meaning to _____.

- a. lose b. trace c. move d. succeed

20. Where will you most likely find this article?

- a. *Health* magazine
b. *NON-NO* magazine
c. *Family Matters* forum
d. *MLB* website