淡江大學105學年度碩士班招生考試試題 35~

系別: 資訊工程學系 A 組

資訊工程學系資訊網路與多媒體碩士班

科目:作業系統

考試日期:3月5日(星期六) 第2節

本試題共 04 大題,

02 頁

1. Consider the following five processes arrive for processing at the times indicated and run the specified amount of time. Draw the Gantt chart for the three scheduling disciplines listed:

Process	Priority(e)	Arrival Time	Total service Time(t)
P1	06	0	06
P2	03	3	06
P3	02	8	06
P4	05	15	06
P5	04	18	06

- (a) SJF(non-preemptive), (b)SRTF(preemptive), and (c)RR(quantum=02). (10% each)
- 2. Paging & Segmentation
 - (a) Consider the following page table (page size = 4K),

Page #	Page Frame #	Valid
0	12	1
1	2	1
2	7	0
3	5	1
4	10	1
5	4	1
6	0	0
7	0	0

What are the physical addresses for the following logical addresses (in decimal)? (10%)

- a. 012375
- b. 023366
- (b) Consider the following segment table:

Segment #	Base	Length
0	219	600
1	2300	124
2	90	100
3	1327	580
4	1952	96
5	2525	1008

What are the physical addresses for the following logical addresses (segment #, offset)? (10%)

- a. 1,052
- b. 4, 100

淡江大學 105 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

資訊工程學系資訊網路與多媒體碩士班

科目:作業系統

考試日期:3月5日(星期六) 第2節

本試題共 04 大題,

02 頁

3. Consider the organization of a UNIX file as represented by the inode. Assume that there are 10 direct block pointers and a singly, doubly, and triply indirect pointers in each inode. Further, assume that the system block size and the disk sector size are both 1/2K, and the disk block pointer is 32 bits. Assume that the file inode is already in main memory, the byte in position 20160305 is at which logical data block? (20%)

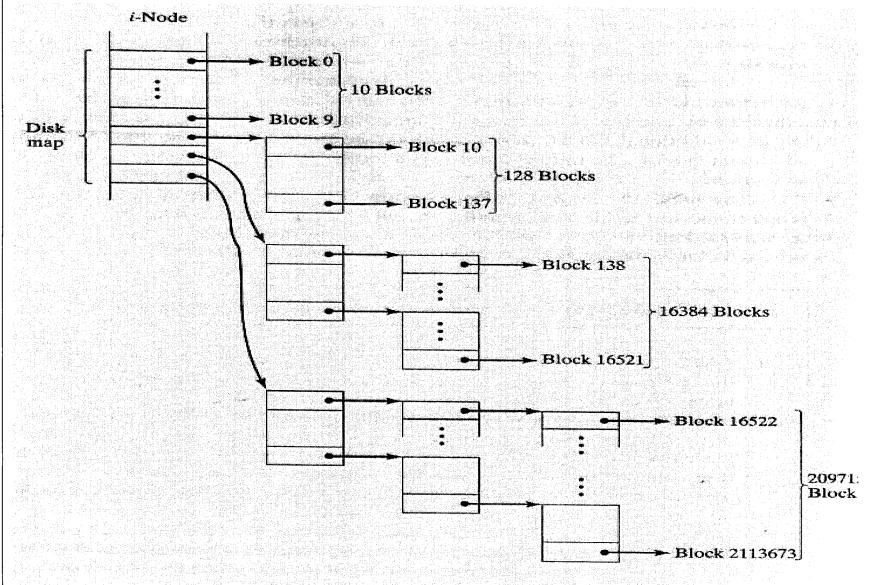


FIGURE 10-13. File mapping in UNIX.

- 4. Suppose that a disk drive has 1,000 cylinders, numbered 0 to 999. The drive is currently serving a reque at cylinder 105, and the previous request was at cylinder 258. The queue of pending requests, in FIFO order, is 274, 500, 710.
 - While cylinder 500 is reading, the requests arrive in the order: 096, 370, 613, and
 - while cylinder 370 is reading, the requests arrive in the order: 302, 450, 234, and
 - while cylinder 450 is writing, the requests arrive in the order: 100, 388.

Starting from the current head position 105, in which order that the disk arm moves to satisfy all the pending requests for each of the following disk-scheduling algorithms?

- a. LOOK (15%)
- b. SCAN (15%)