

淡江大學九十學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別：數學學系

科目：統計學

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計算機	字典
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注意：過程要寫清楚，只寫答案不記分。

24% (1) Let  $X$  be a binomial  $(n,p)$  r.v. (random variable). Suppose we know that  $n$  is either 2 or 3 and  $p$  is either  $1/2$  or  $2/3$ , and we have only one observation on  $X$ .

- (a) Calculate  $P(X=i)$ ,  $i=0,1,2,3$  under all the 4 possible models  $(n,p)=(2,1/2), (2,2/3), (3,1/2), (3,2/3)$
- (b) Find the maximum likelihood estimate of  $(n,p)$ .

14% (2) Consider a r.s.(random sample) of size 2 from the uniform $(0,\theta)$  distribution and let  $R$  be the range of this sample, then  $R$  has the following density

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{\theta^2}(\theta-t), & 0 < t < \theta \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Use this result to find  $c$  so that  $R < \theta < cR$  is a  $(1-\alpha)100\%$  confidence interval for  $\theta$ .

24% (3) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a r.s. of size  $n$  from Normal $(\mu,1)$  distribution.

- (a) Show that  $\bar{X} - 1/n$  is the minimum variance unbiased estimator of  $\mu^2$  and
- (b) Find the variance of this estimator.

14% (4) Let  $X_1, X_2$  be a r.s. of size 2 from the population with density

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \theta x^{\theta-1}, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

If the critical region  $x_1, x_2 \geq 3/4$  is used to test the null hypothesis  $\theta=1$  against the alternative hypothesis  $\theta=2$ , what is the power of this test at  $\theta=2$ ?

24% (5) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a r.s. of size  $n$  from a uniform  $(\theta-1, \theta+1)$  distribution.

Let  $U = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$  and  $V = \max(X_1, \dots, X_n)$ . Find the mean square error of the unbiased estimators (a)  $\bar{X}$  (b)  $(U+V)/2$  of  $\theta$ .