

淡江大學九十學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別：數學學系

科目：高等微積分

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| 准帶項目請打「○」否則打「×」 | |
| 計算機 | 字典 |
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本試題共 1 頁

- Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a function (12 points)
 - State the definition for f to be continuous.
 - State the definition for f to be uniformly continuous.
 - Give an example of a nonconstant uniformly continuous function.
 - Give an example of f which is continuous while it's not uniformly continuous.
- If $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and f' exists on a neighborhood of $x=a$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) = L$. Show that $f'(a) = L$.
 - Let $g(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x < 0 \\ 0 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$, can g be the derivative of any function? (12 pts)
- $\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2 + \dots}}} = ?$ Justify your answer. (10 pts)
- Use power series expansions to show that $1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$, justify your steps. (10 pts)
- $\int_0^{\infty} e^{-x^2} dx = ?$ Justify your answer. (8 pts)
- Let $f_n: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be Riemann integrable, $f: [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$. If $f_n \rightarrow f$ uniformly, show that f is Riemann integrable and $\int_0^1 f_n(x) dx \rightarrow \int_0^1 f(x) dx$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$. (12 pts)
- Let $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^3}{x^2+y^2}, & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0, & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$
 - Show that f is continuous at $(0, 0)$.
 - Show that all directional derivatives at $(0, 0)$ exists, while f is not differentiable at $(0, 0)$ (12 pts)
- Show that the system of equations (12 pts)

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + y - z + u^2 &= 0 \\ x - y + 2z + u &= 0 \\ 2x + 2y - 3z + 2u &= 0 \end{aligned}$$
 can be solved for x, y, u in terms of z ; for x, z, u in terms of y ; for y, z, u in terms of x ; but not for x, y, z in terms of u .
- Show that every open set in \mathbb{R} is a countable disjoint union of open intervals. (12 pts)