

淡江大學八十七學年度碩士班入學考試試題

系別：化學系

科目：無機化學

本試題共 1 頁

A. Fill the blanks in followings. 2 points for each blank .

1. An nd^2 configuration of a free ion will have a ground state term described as A . The ground state term of this ion splits in octahedral complex into B , C , and D terms. Which of them is the ground state term E ? How many electronic absorption peaks to be expected to have in this complex? F .
2. Which of the following ions, ClO_4^- , IO_4^- and PO_4^{3-} , has the greatest $d\pi-p\pi$ double bond character. G . Which is the strongest oxidant? H . The structure of this ion is I .
3. In the molecular orbital theory designation of the NO molecule how many effective bond are there? J σ -bond and K π -bond. Two types of metal-NO bond was observed. The structure of these two types of bond are L and M .
4. A gaseous 3d ion in +2 oxidation state that contains 5 unpaired electrons is N . The magnetic moment of this ion is O B.M.. The CFSE of this ion in weak octahedral field is P Dq ; in strong octahedral field is Q Dq ; and in tetrahedral field is R Dq' .
5. Predict and draw the structure of the following: XeF_4 is S ; BrF_5 is T ; B_4H_{10} is U ; and $\text{Re}_4(\text{CO})_{16}^{2-}$ is V .
6. Assign the following species belonging to point group: $\text{trans-Co}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}_2^+$ is W ; $\text{cis-Co}(\text{NH}_3)_4\text{Cl}_2^+$ is X and $\text{Co}(\text{en})_3^{3+}$ is Y .

B. Answer the followings. 10 points for each question

7. Using any necessary usual physical constant from appropriate source, predict the electron affinity of fluorine(F) by means of a Born-Haber cycle.
8. Using molecular orbital theory predict the structure of H_3^+ ion (cyclic or linear). Give and discuss your proposed energy level diagram.
9. Discuss the two general mechanisms for electron transfer reactions in coordination compounds.
10. Outline the main steps by which Ziegler-Natta polymerization proceeds.
11. Show diagrammatically the splitting of the d -orbitals, energetically, in tetragonal, square pyramidal and trigonal bipyramidal fields.