## 淡江大學 98 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別:化學學系(化學組)

- 1. Define the following terms. (27%)
  - (a) A state function of thermodynamics
  - (b) Chemical potential
  - (c) The law of corresponding states
  - (d) Second -order phase transition
  - (e) Carnot's principle
  - (f) Degree of degeneracy
  - (g) Spin-orbital
  - (h) A fermion and a boson
  - (i) Arrhenius equation
- 2. (a) Describe the Joule experiment for the internal pressure measurement of a non-ideal gas. (10%)
  - (b) Derive the entropy change  $\Delta S$  in terms of the experimental variables in (a), (5%) Indicate all the symbols used in your answer.
- 3. Answer questions for the following reaction involving ideal gases A and B.

$$A_{(g)} \implies 2B_{(g)}$$

- $A_{(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2B_{(g)}$ (a) With the known relation,  $\Delta G^{\circ} = -RT \ln K_{p}^{\circ}$ , derive the rate of change of  $\ln K_{p}^{\circ}$  with respect to the change of T in terms of  $\Delta H^0$ , T, and gas constant. (8%)
- (b) Find  $K_p^0$  at 600 K for the above reaction assuming that  $\Delta H^0$  is independent of T. For the reaction at 298 K,  $\Delta H^0 = 57.20 \text{ kJ/mol}$  and  $\Delta G^0 = 4730 \text{ J/mol}$ . (7%)
- 4. (a) Draw the 300°C isotherm of H<sub>2</sub>O involving a vapor-liquid phase transition on a pressure versus molar volume (P-V<sub>m</sub>) plot. (5%)
  - (b) Indicate the molar volume change for the condensation process on the plot. (2%)
  - (c) Draw the critical temperature isotherm on the plot. (3%)
- 5. (a) In quantum mechanics, the state of a system is defined by the state function Ψ. For an n-particle system, write down the equation governing how  $\Psi$  changes with time t. Define all the terms in the equation. (7%)
  - (b) Suppose a one-particle system has the state function  $\Psi(x, y, z, t')$  at time t', write the expression of the probability of finding the particle in a infinitesimal region located at point  $(x_a, y_a, z_a)$  in space and having edges dx, dy, and dz. (3%)
- 6. Write the expression for dipole moment calculation of a molecule from its equilibrium-geometry electronic wave function  $\phi$ . Define and explain each term in the expression. (8%)
- 7. For a chemical reaction of the form: aA ---> products, the reaction is first order in A.
  - (a) Derive the integrated rate law and the reaction half-life of A. Define all the necessary terms in your derivation. (10%)
  - (b) According to the results in (a), design an experiment to determine the rate constant. (5%)