

淡江大學八十八學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別：產業經濟學系

科目：微積分

本試題共 / 頁

1. Let the function $f(x) = |x-1| + 1$ (15 %)
 - ① Is this function continuous at $x=1$? why?
 - ② Is this function differentiable at $x=1$? why?
 - ③ Sketch the graph of $f(x)$.
2. Given $\beta = 3y^{15}$, $y = x^2 + 5x - 1$, please find the derivative $\frac{d\beta}{dx} = ?$ (5 %)
3. Given $y = f(x) = 5x^5 + 3x^3 + x$
 - ① Does there exist an inverse function $x = f^{-1}(y)$? why?
 - ② If there exists an inverse function $x = f^{-1}(y)$, find $\frac{dx}{dy}$ by inverse function rule. (10 %)
4. Given $y = f(x_1, x_2)$, find the total differential $dy = ?$ and $d^2y = ?$ (10 %)
5. For the total cost function $TC(Q) = 3Q^2 + 7Q + 24$, $Q > 0$, show that marginal cost is less than average cost where AC is falling. (10 %)
6. Find the extreme values of $f(x, y) = 8x^3 + 2xy - 3x^2 + y^2 + 1$ and find out if the solution is relative maximum, relative minimum or saddle point? (15 %)
7. Integrate the following ① $\int 8x^2(3x^3 - 1)^{16} dx$ ② $\int (e^{2x} x^3 + \frac{1}{x^3}) dx$ (20 %)
8. Suppose a monopolist is practising price discrimination in the sale of a product by charging different prices in two separate markets. Suppose that the demand curves are $P_1 = 80 - g_1$, $P_2 = 50 - g_2$ and the cost function is $C = 6(g_1 + g_2)$. How much should be sold in the two markets to maximize profits? What are the prices charged? How much profit is lost if price discrimination is made illegal? (15 %)