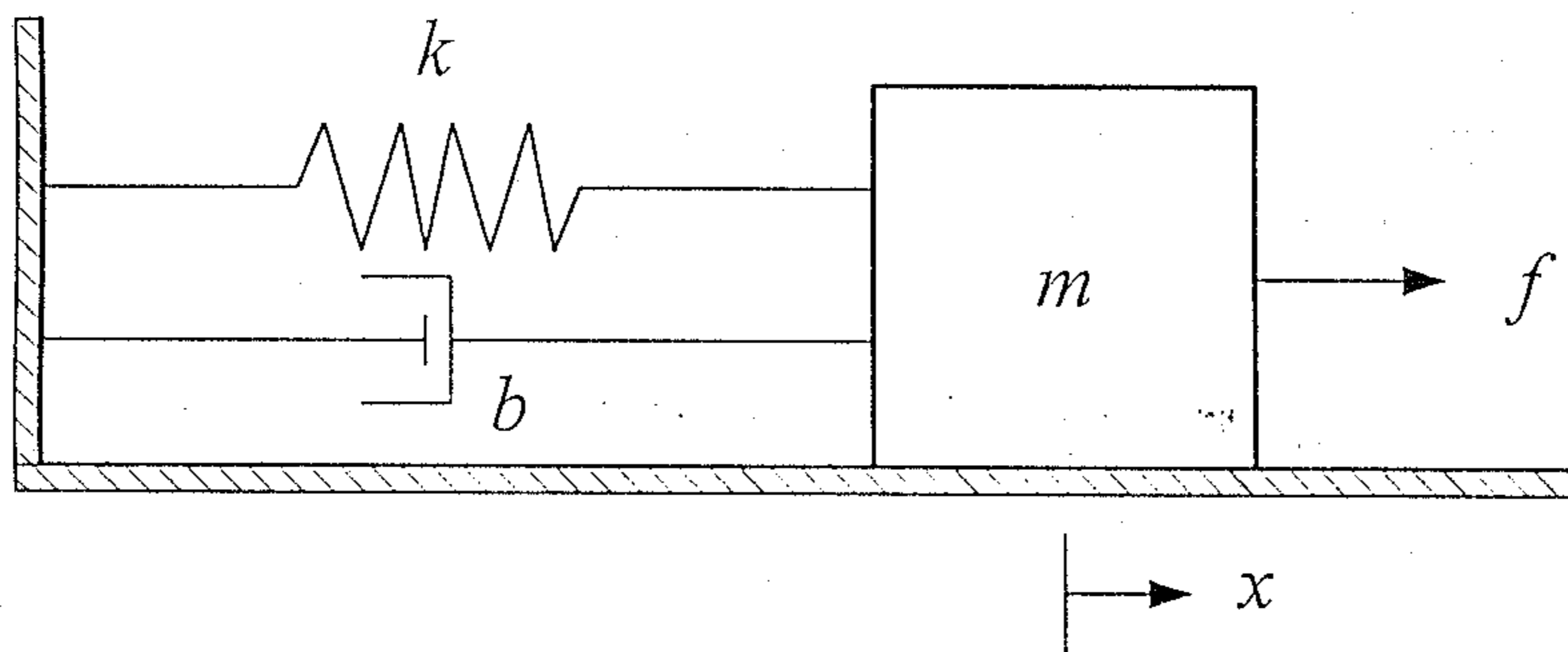


1. Given a non-minimum phase transfer function

$$G(s) = \frac{(s+4)(s^2 - 2s + 2)}{(s+1)(s+3)(s+5)}$$

- (a) Show that there exists a constant  $K$  such that the transfer function  $G(s) + K$  is minimum phase. (6%)
- (b) Find the minimum value of  $K$  such that  $G(s) + K$  is minimum phase. (7%)
- (c) Sketch the zero locus of  $G(s) + K$  as  $K$  varies from 0 to  $\infty$ . (7%)

2. Consider a mass-spring damping system as shown below



where  $f$  is the force applied to the mass,  $k$  is the spring constant,  $b$  is the friction constant,  $m$  is the mass, and  $x$  is the displacement of the mass. From force balance, the dynamics of the mass-spring damping system can be written as

$$m \frac{d^2 x(t)}{dt^2} + b \frac{dx(t)}{dt} + kx(t) = f(t)$$

- (a) Use another three different methods to describe the dynamics of the mass-spring damping system. (12%)
- (b) Determine the conditions for the coefficients  $m$ ,  $b$ , and  $k$ , (the relations among  $m$ ,  $b$ , and  $k$ ) so that the system will be (i) overdamped, (ii) critically damped, (iii) underdamped. (6%)

3. Given a linear time-invariant system  $y = G(s)u$ , with

$$G(s) = \frac{1000}{s(s+10)(s+100)}$$

- (a) Suppose the input  $u(t) = 5 \cos 5t + 10 \sin(50t + 30^\circ)$ , find the output  $y(t)$  at steady state condition. (8%)
- (b) Sketch the Bode plot of the system  $G(s)$ . (6%)
- (c) Now, the control loop is closed using unit feedback. Find the phase margin and gain margin of the system. (8%)

# 淡江大學八十九學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別：航空太空工程學系

科目：自動控制

本試題共 2 頁

本試題雙面印製

4. (15%) A feedback control system has a loop transfer function

$$GH(s) = \frac{K}{s(s+1)(s+4)}$$

Design a phase lag cascade compensator such that the closed-loop system satisfies the following specifications

- (a) damping ratio  $\zeta = 0.5$
  - (b) settling time  $t_s = 10$  sec.
  - (c) velocity error constant  $K_v \geq 5 \text{ sec}^{-1}$
5. An airplane is found to have poor short-period flying qualities in a particular flight regime. To improve the flying qualities, a stability augmentation system is to be employed. Assume that the original short-period dynamics are given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} \Delta \dot{\alpha} \\ \Delta \dot{q} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.334 & 1.0 \\ -2.520 & -0.387 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \Delta \alpha \\ \Delta q \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -0.027 \\ -2.6 \end{bmatrix} \Delta \delta_e$$

where  $\Delta \alpha$  is the change in angle of attack,  $\Delta q$  is the change in pitch rate, and  $\Delta \delta_e$  is the change in elevator deflection.

- (a) Is the system stable? (5%)
- (b) Is the system controllable? (5%)
- (c) Find the transfer function from  $\Delta \delta_e$  to  $\Delta \alpha$ . (5%)
- (d) Can we find a full state feedback control so that the airplane's short-period characteristics are  $\lambda_{sp} = -2.1 \pm j2.14$ ? If your answer is "Yes", find it, otherwise, give the reason why? (10%)