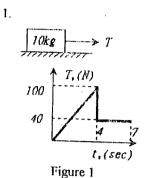
淡江大學九十學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別:機械工程學系

科目:動 力 學

准帶項目請打「〇	」否則打「x 」
計算機	字典
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本試題共 書 頁



The 10-kg block is resting on the horizontal surface when the force T is applied to it for 7 seconds. The variation of T with time is shown in Figure 1.

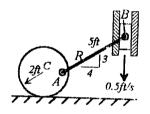
Note: Gravity $g = 9.81 \text{m/sec}^2$, Static friction coefficient $\mu_s = \text{Kinetic friction}$ coefficient $\mu_k = 0.5097$)

(1)(05%) Determine the time that the block starts to move.

(2)(10%) Determine the maximum velocity reached by the block.

(3)(10%) Determine the total time during which the block is in motion.

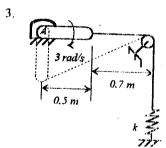
2.



At the instant shown in Figure 2, point B of the block (to which rod R is pinned) has velocity $v_B = 0.5 \, ft/sec$.

(1)(25%) Find the angular velocity of the rolling cylinder.

Figure 2

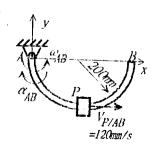


The 20-kg bar in Figure 3 has an angular velocity of 3 rad/sec clockwise. In that position the tensile force in the spring is 30 N. After a 90° clockwise rotation the angular velocity has increased to 4 rad/sec.

(1)(05%) Determine the moment of inertia of the bar about point A.

(2)(20%) Determine the spring modulus k.

Figure 3



As shown in Figure 4, a particle P slides from A toward B along a semicircular rod AB of radius 200 mm. The rod rotates about the pin A, and the speed of P relative to the rod is constant at 120 mm/sec. When the system is in the position shown, the angular velocity and angular acceleration of the rod are $\omega_{AB}=0.8\ rad/sec$ counterclockwise and $\alpha_{AB}=0.5\ rad/sec^2$ clockwise.

(1)(25%) For this position, determine the velocity and acceleration vector of P.

Figure 4