# 淡江大學 101 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別:化學工程與材料工程學系 科目:化工熱力學 50%

考試日期:2月26日(星期日) 第3節

本試題共 3 大題, 1 頁

### Problem 1 (15 points)

Fifty kmol per hour of air is compressed from  $P_1 = 1.2$  bar to  $P_2 = 6.0$  bar in a steady-flow compressor. Delivered mechanical power is 98.8 kW. Temperatures and velocities are  $T_1 = 300$  K,  $u_1 = 10$  m/s,  $T_2 = 520$  K and  $u_2 = 3.5$  m/s. Estimate the rate of heat transfer from the compressor. Assume for air that  $C_p = 3.5$  R and the enthalpy is independent of pressure.

### Problem 2 (15 points)

Explain the following terminologies: (a) the efficiency of a heat engine, (b) the coefficient of performance of a refrigerator, (c) fugacity?

#### Problem 3 (20 points)

The molar volume  $(cm^3/mol)$  of a binary liquid mixture at T and P is given by:

$$V = 120x_1 + 70x_2 + (15x_1 + 8x_2)x_1x_2$$

- (a) Find expressions for the partial molar volumes of species 1 and 2 at T and P.
- (b) Show that those expressions obtained in part (a) satisfy the Gibbs/Duhem equation.
- (c) Plot values of V,  $\overline{V}_1$  (the partial molar volume of species 1), and  $\overline{V}_2$  vs.  $x_1$ . Label points  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $\overline{V}_1^{\infty}$  (the infinite-dilution value of  $\overline{V}_1$ ), and  $\overline{V}_2^{\infty}$ , and show their values.

# 淡江大學 101 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系別: 化學工程與材料工程學系 科目: 反應工程 50%

考試日期:2月26日(星期日) 第3節

本試題共 2 大題, 1 頁

1. The elementary liquid phase series reaction

$$A \xrightarrow{k_1} B \xrightarrow{k_2} C$$

$$A \xrightarrow{k_3} D$$

is carried out in an isothermal batch reactor. The initial concentration of A is  $C_{A0}$ . B, C and D are not present in the reactor initially.

- (a) Derive a relationship that will express C<sub>B</sub> as a function of reaction time. (15%)
- (b) Derive the reaction time for which C<sub>B</sub> is a maximum. (10%)
- 2. The first order irreversible gas phase reaction  $A \rightarrow B$  is to be carried out in a packed bed reactor isothermally. Currently 1000 kg of catalyst are packed in a 4 cm diameter pipe. The catalyst particles are 0.5 cm in diameter and the bulk density of the packed catalyst is 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. Currently 15.0 % conversion of A is realized. The entering pressure is 20 atm and the pressure at the exit of the reactor is 9 atm.
  - (a) Calculate the pressure parameter in the given equation,  $\alpha$ , in the present system.. (5 %)
  - (b) What conversion could be achieved in a CSTR with the same catalyst weight and no pressure drop? (20 %)

$$\frac{P}{P_0} = \sqrt{1 - \alpha W}$$
 for isothermal system with fixed total number of moles.

Where P is the pressure of the stream entering the packed bed reactor

 $P_0$  is the pressure of the stream leaving the packed bed reactor

 $\alpha$  is the pressure parameter

W is the weight of catalyst in the packed bed reactor

Given integral 
$$\int_{0}^{W} (1 - \alpha W)^{1/2} dW = \frac{2}{3\alpha} \left[ 1 - (1 - \alpha W)^{3/2} \right]$$