

# 淡江大學八十七學年度碩士班入學考試試題

系別：化學工程學系

科目：物理化學

本試題共 1 頁

- Explain the phenomenon of osmotic pressure  $\pi$  and deduce the mathematical relation between  $\pi$  and the activity of solvent. (20%)
- A system containing  $I_2$  dispersed between liquid water and liquid  $CCl_4$  at 1 bar of pressure with no solid  $I_2$  present.
  - How many remaining degrees of freedom are there in the system?
  - How many components in the system? (c) Suggest variables that could correspond to these degrees of freedom. (20%)
- For linear molecule of ideal gas, the molar heat capacity is
 
$$\bar{C}_p = \bar{C}_{trans.} + \bar{C}_{rot.} + \bar{C}_{vib.} + R$$
 Explain each term in the right of the equation and also give the values for  $\bar{C}_{trans.}$  and  $\bar{C}_{rot.}$  (15%)
- Deduce Clapèron equation and give an example of application. (15%)
- Hydrogen gas is expanded reversibly and adiabatically from a volume of 1.43 l, at a pressure of 3 bar and temperature of 25°C, until the volume is 2.86 l. The  $\bar{C}_p$  of hydrogen can be taken to be 28.8 J K<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>.
  - Calculate the pressure and temperature of the gas, assumed to be ideal, after the expansion.
  - Calculate  $\Delta U_{therm}$ ,  $\Delta U_{mech}$  (or  $q$ ,  $w$ ) for the surrounding, and  $\Delta U$ ,  $\Delta H$  for the gas. (30%)