

淡江大學九十三年度轉學生招生考試試題

2-1

系別：各學系二年級

科目：英 文

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本試題雙面印製

Attention: The answers to questions 1-35 must be marked on the *Computer Card*, while the composition has to be written on the *Answer Sheet*.

I. Vocabulary in Context: Choose the word that best completes each sentence below. 20%

- Using ___ letters in an e-mail means that the writer is yelling at someone.
A. strange B. unique C. capital D. distinctive
- People who regularly play the ___ will often use the lucky numbers in order to win.
A. lottery B. trick C. game D. trumpet
- Watching a lot of TV violence can have a ___ effect on children's psychological development.
A. constructive B. negative C. harmless D. beneficial
- If you can't ___ the noise from the street, you should close your window.
A. anticipate B. perceive C. distinguish D. tolerate
- Wearing a tie can mark a young boy's ___ from youth into manhood.
A. transience B. transaction C. transition D. transmission
- A person studying ___ would probably be most interested in a prehistoric weapon.
A. astrology B. archeology C. anthropology D. astronomy
- It is not easy to make a decision when we are facing this ___--to get married or to stay single.
A. dilemma B. predicament C. disaster D. ambiguity
- Many tattooists in Japan ___ classical Japanese artistic styles in their work.
A. emanate B. escalate C. emancipate D. emulate
- The demonstration intends to oppose China's ___ of nearly 500 missiles aimed at Taiwan.
A. employment B. disguise C. deployment D. delivery
- President Chen survived an ___ attempt on the last day of campaigning.
A. ambition B. assumption C. aggression D. assassination

II. Sentence Structure: Part of each sentence below is missing; fill in the blank with the right one to make the sentence meaningful and grammatical. 20%

- He gets a job cleaning toilets in a recording studio, ___ that the producers will notice his music.
A. hoping B. to hope C. who hopes D. he hopes
- They don't have any possessions, but they are the kindest, most sincere people I _____.
A. have never met B. enjoy meeting C. have ever met D. had met before
- When many movie stars moved to Beverly Hills, ___ many of the upscale shops and restaurants.
A. so were B. so did C. and there were D. they did
- All retired from boxing in 1981, ending a career of sixty-one fights, ___ he won fifty-six.
A. in that B. after that C. and then D. of which
- A mixture of hip-hop and garage ___ salsa can be heard in Jennifer Lopez's music.

◀ 注意背面尚有試題 ▶

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- A. combining with B. combined with C. with combining D. which combines with
16. Is my partner a person ___ I can share my thoughts and feelings?
A. who B. whom C. with whom D. with whose
17. The article was interesting, but my views on the subject differ from ___ the writer.
A. those of B. one of C. which of D. that of
18. I still feel stressed out if I miss the bus, but things are ___ stressful than they were last semester.
A. very much B. much less C. very more D. much more
19. When ___ in the right way, TV can even speed up the learning process of children.
A. it is using B. using C. it uses D. used
20. With so much information and people ___ so busy, the scarcest thing is someone's full attention.
A. all being B. with being all C. are all D. have all been

III. Dialog Completion: Complete the following dialogs according to the context. 10%

21. A: What's new with you?
B: Nothing much. How about you?
A: Well, actually, I have some good news.
B: Really? What?
A: I just got a big promotion!
B: ____ That's great! Congratulations!
(A). Are you kidding? (B). You did? (C). Were you? (D). Did you get it?
22. A: Have you ever flown a 747?
B: No, I haven't, but I'm confident I'd be able to learn to fly a 747 very easily.
A: Are you sure about that?
B: Oh, yes. ____
(A). I'd like to apply. (B). Thanks very much. (C). I hope so. (D). I'm positive.
23. A: May I ask why you're returning this coat?
B: Yes. It's too lightweight.
A: Would you like to exchange it for a heavier one?
B: No, I don't think so. ____
(A). I don't have the receipt. (B). I just need a receipt. (C). I'd just like a refund, please.
(D). I'd just like to return it, please.
24. A: Excuse me. Please don't play your radio on the bus.
B: I'm sorry. I didn't hear you. What did you say?
A: I asked ____ on the bus.
B: Oh, okay.
(A). you not to play your radio (B). don't play your radio (C). please not to play your radio
(D). you don't play your radio

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25. A: Do you approve of the way I hooked up this computer?
B: Well... To be honest with you, I think you could have hooked it up a little better.
A: Oh, I see. _____
(A). Now I'm following you. (B). I've got it. (C). I'm glad you like it.
(D). I'll try to do better next time.

IV. Reading Comprehension: Read the article and answer the questions that follow. 20%

(A) How do you like lizards? They look very much like snakes, which many people think are ugly, and so they are generally disliked and are often killed without good reason. As a matter of fact, most lizards do no harm and actually are quite useful. Since they live on insects and worms, they destroy many harmful pests.

Of the more than 2000 different kinds of lizards, there are only two that are poisonous, and even these two are found only in a few places. They are the Gila "monster," and the "horrid" heloderma. The Gila "monster" is found chiefly in the desert parts of Arizona and New Mexico. Its bite is painful and may cause death. The "horrid" heloderma is the bearded lizard of Mexico. It has a large poison gland connected to grooved teeth on the lower jaw. Its bite is also very dangerous.

Many of the lizards that are not dangerous, however, are much more interesting. Among these is the frilled lizard of Australia, which has a collar or frill around its neck. When frightened, the lizard keeps its mouth open and its frill raised. Then, this lizard is a very amusing sight.

26. While not directly stated, it can be reasoned from the article that lizards are commonly killed because _____
A. they are all poisonous. B. they are thought to be harmful.
C. they look ugly. D. they make unpleasant noises.
27. This article as a whole is about _____.
A. the Gila "monster" B. the "horrid" heloderma C. the frilled lizard D. various lizards
28. The word **which** in the last paragraph refers to _____.
A. the frilled lizard B. Australia C. a collar D. its neck
29. Most lizards eat _____.
A. grass B. vegetables C. insects and worms D. fish and birds
30. Which sentence is *not* true?
A. The Gila "monster" is one of the most poisonous lizards.
B. The frilled lizard looks funny when frightened.
C. The Gila "monster" is found only in Mexico.
D. There are more than 2000 different kinds of lizards.

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(B) Some of the sayings which enrich our language today carry a great deal more meaning than the words seem to say alone. Often the original incident or custom which gave rise to the saying has been forgotten, but the saying remains to describe related situations.

Many years ago, it was a custom to give a side of bacon to any married couple who could say that for a whole year they had not quarreled. On the last day, the husband brought home the bacon. Today, *to bring home the bacon* recaptures the joy but not the custom, for the saying has more to do with payday than with happy marriages.

The origin of *cooking your own goose* is less pleasant. In medieval times, the people of a small village were besieged by an enemy army. To make fun of the besiegers, the people hung out a goose. The leader of the enemy angrily ordered the town burned, forcing its surrender and cooking its goose as well.

Occasionally, when an emperor of old Siam wished to punish a nobleman, he would make him a gift of a sacred white elephant. These elephants carried great honor, and they had to be cared for at great expense. In maintaining so expensive a gift, the poor receiver was reduced to poverty. Doesn't this add meaning to our description of a thing as a *white elephant*?

What sayings of today do you think will live in the future as these did?

31. While not directly stated, it may be inferred from the article that _____

- A. old sayings have no meaning in modern times. B. language is a complex and changing thing.
C. many old sayings live on with different meanings. D. sayings express more than they seem to.

32. This article as a whole tells us about _____.

- A. origins of some old sayings B. medieval fortresses
C. Siamese customs D. our changing language

33. To besiege a city is to _____ it.

- A. defend B. destroy C. attack D. maintain

34. The word *its* in the third paragraph refers to _____.

- A. the goose B. the town C. the leader D. the enemy

35. Which of the following statements is *not* true?

- A. A useless object is called a *white elephant*.
B. Sayings such as those described are part of our language.
C. In old Siam, sacred elephants did not work.
D. *Bringing home a side of bacon* is a custom still in practice.

V. *Composition*: Write a letter to President Chen Shui-bian to express your greatest concern for the future of Taiwan. 30%