

# 淡江大學八十八學年度日間部轉學生招生考試試題

系別：數學系二年級

科目：線性代數

本試題共 / 頁

1. (15%) Definition: Let  $V$  be a vector space and let  $S = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k\}$  be vectors in a vector space  $K$ . The set of all linear combination of  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k$  is called the span of  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k$  and is denoted by  $\text{Span}(S)$ .

- Extend the linearly independent set  $S = \{(1, 0, -1, 0), (-1, 1, 0, 0)\}$  to a basis in  $R^4$ .
- Find a basis from  $S$  for  $\text{Span}(S)$ , where

$$S = \{(1, -1, 2, 3), (-2, 2, -4, -6), (2, -1, 6, 8), (1, 0, 4, 5), (0, 0, 0, 1)\}$$

2. (30%) Prove or disprove the following statement.

- Let  $T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2$  be a linear transformation. If  $\{v_1, v_2\} \subset R^2$  is linear dependent, then  $\{T(v_1), T(v_2)\}$  is linearly dependent.
- Let  $T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2$  be a linear transformation. If  $\{v_1, v_2\} \subset R^2$  is linear independent, then  $\{T(v_1), T(v_2)\}$  is linearly independent.
- Let  $V$  and  $W$  be vector spaces and  $T : V \rightarrow W$  be a linear transformation. If  $\lambda_1 \neq \lambda_2$  are eigenvalues of  $T$ , and  $v_1, v_2$  are eigenvector corresponding to  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$ , respectively, then  $v_1, v_2$  are linear independent.

3. (20%) Let  $P_n$  be the set consisting of all polynomials of degree less than or equal  $n$  and the zero polynomial. Let  $B = \{1, x, x^2\}$ ,  $B' = \{-x + x^2, 1 + x, x\}$ . Let  $T : P_2 \rightarrow P_2$  be the linear transformation defined by  $T(a + bx + cx^2) = -2c + bx$ .

- Find the matrix  $A$  of  $T$  with respect to the standard basis  $B$ .
- Find the matrix  $A$  of  $T$  with respect to the standard basis  $B'$ .

4. (15%) Let  $A$  be the following matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Compute  $A^{99}$ .

5. (20%) Find a Jordan canonical form for the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\ -4 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$