淡江大學 101 學年度轉學生招生考試試題

系別:化學學系二年級 科目:普通化學

考試日期:7月16日(星期一)第3節

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- 1. Using a molecular orbitals energy-level diagram, would you expect O₂ to have a lower or higher first ionization energy than atomic oxygen? Why? (10 pts)
- 2. Explain the following terms: (a) standard solutions (b) stock solutions (c) Lewis acids. (15 pts)
- 3. A 0.6025 g sample was dissolved, and the Ca^{2+} and Ba^{2+} ions present were precipitated as $BaC_2O_4 \cdot H_2O$ and $CaC_2O_4 \cdot H_2O$. The oxalates were then heated in the 320°C to 400°C range to produce an anhydrous residue (MC₂O₄, M = Ca or Ba) that weighed 0.5713 g. Subsequently, the anhydrous residue was heated in the 580°C to 620°C range and the resulting products corresponding to the two carbonates weighted 0.4673 g finally.
 - (a) Write down the equations of the chemical reactions occurred in the 580°C to 620°C range.

(10 pts)

(b) Calculate the percentage Ca and percentage Ba in the sample. (Ba = 137.33, Ca = 40.08, C = 12.01)

(15 pts)

4. Give the name in English for each of the following compounds: (a) NaH

(b) H_2O_2 (10 pts)

5. (a) Draw both the Lewis structures of I₃ and XeF₄.

(10 pts)

- (b) Draw both the expected molecular structures of I₃ and XeF₄ by the VSEPR model. (10 pts)
- 6. Consider the titration of 100 mL of 0.05 M NH₃ ($K_b = 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$) by 0.1 M HCl. (20 pts) Calculate the pH of the resulting solution after the following volumes of HCl have been added.

 (a) 0 mL (b) 25 mL (c) 50 mL (d) 60 mL