

# 淡江大學八十七學年度日間部轉學生入學考試試題

系列：化學系二年級

科目：普通化學

本試題共 三 頁

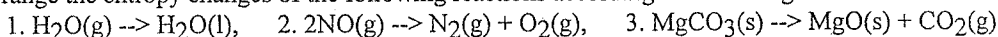
普通化學

轉學生入學考試 p. 1/3

一九九八年 七月

第一部份 -- 選擇題 【以下二十題選擇題，各題皆只有一個答案是正確的，請將之選出，依題目次序書寫於答案紙上。答對一題給四分，共 80 分。】

1) Arrange the entropy changes of the following reactions according to increasing  $\Delta S^\circ$  values:

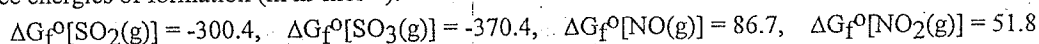


- A.  $\Delta S^\circ(1) < \Delta S^\circ(2) < \Delta S^\circ(3)$       B.  $\Delta S^\circ(2) < \Delta S^\circ(3) < \Delta S^\circ(1)$       C.  $\Delta S^\circ(3) < \Delta S^\circ(2) < \Delta S^\circ(1)$   
D.  $\Delta S^\circ(2) < \Delta S^\circ(1) < \Delta S^\circ(3)$       E.  $\Delta S^\circ(1) < \Delta S^\circ(3) < \Delta S^\circ(2)$

2) For the reaction  $\text{H}_2(\text{g}) + \text{S}(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{S}(\text{g})$ ,  $\Delta H^\circ = -20.2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$  and  $\Delta S^\circ = +43.1 \text{ J K}^{-1}\text{mol}^{-1}$  Which of the following statements is true?

- A. The reaction is only spontaneous at low temperatures.  
B. The reaction is spontaneous at all temperatures.  
C.  $\Delta G^\circ$  becomes less favorable as  $T$  is raised.  
D. The reaction is spontaneous only at high temperatures.  
E. The reaction is at equilibrium at  $25^\circ\text{C}$  under standard conditions.

3) Calculate  $K_p$  for the reaction  $\text{SO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{NO}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{SO}_3(\text{g}) + \text{NO}(\text{g})$  at 298 K. Given the following free energies of formation (in  $\text{kJ mol}^{-1}$ ):



- A.  $6.99 \times 10^{-7}$       B.  $5.71 \times 10^{-8}$       C. 14.2      D. 475      E.  $1.43 \times 10^6$

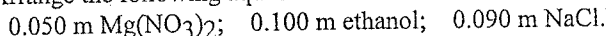
4) According to Raoult's law, which statement would be true?

- A. the vapor pressure of a solvent over a solution decreases as its mole fraction increases.  
B. the solubility of a gas increases as the temperature decreases.  
C. the vapor pressure of a solvent over a solution is less than that of pure solvent.  
D. the greater the pressure of a gas over a solution the greater its solubility.  
E. ionic solutes dissociate in solution causing an enhancement of all colligative properties.

5) What is the boiling point of an aqueous solution of a nonelectrolyte that has an osmotic pressure of 10.50 atm at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ ?  $K_b = 0.52^\circ\text{C/m}$ . Assume its density is the same as pure water.

- A.  $0.22^\circ\text{C}$       B.  $0.429^\circ\text{C}$       C.  $100.43^\circ\text{C}$       D.  $99.78^\circ\text{C}$       E.  $100.22^\circ\text{C}$

6) Arrange the following aqueous solutions in order of increasing boiling points:



- A.  $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2 < \text{NaCl} < \text{ethanol}$       B.  $\text{ethanol} < \text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2 < \text{NaCl}$       C.  $\text{ethanol} < \text{NaCl} < \text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$   
D.  $\text{NaCl} < \text{ethanol} < \text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2$       E.  $\text{Mg}(\text{NO}_3)_2 < \text{ethanol} < \text{NaCl}$

7) Given a cell based on the spontaneous reaction:  $2\text{AgCl}(\text{s}) + \text{Zn}(\text{s}) \rightarrow 2\text{Ag}(\text{s}) + 2\text{Cl}^- + \text{Zn}^{2+}$ . If the zinc ion concentration is kept constant at 1 M, and the chlorine ion concentration is decreased from 1 M to 0.001 M, the expected change in cell voltage is:

- A. increase by 0.06 V      B. increase by 0.18 V      C. decrease by 0.06 V  
D. decrease by 0.18 V      E. increase by 0.35 V

8) Iron objects such as storage tanks and underground pipelines can be protected from corrosion by connecting them through a wire to a piece of:

- A. Pb      B. Ag      C. Sn      D. Mg      E. Cu

# 淡江大學八十七學年度日間部轉學生入學考試試題

系別：化學系二年級

科目：普通化學

本試題共 三 頁

普通化學

轉學生入學考試 p. 2/3

一九九八年 七月

- 9) According to the band theory, which of the following provide an explanation for the high electrical conductivity of metals?
1. a partly filled conduction band
  2. a valence band overlapping an empty conduction band
  3. a filled valence band
  4. a large gap between the valence band and the conduction band
- A. 1 and 2      B. 1 and 3      C. 3      D. 3 and 4      E. 4
- 10) Solid MgO has the same crystal structure as NaCl. How many oxide ions surround each  $Mg^{+2}$  ion as nearest neighbors in MgO.
- A. 4      B. 6      C. 8      D. 12      E. none of these
- 11) 5 In a diffraction experiment, X-rays of wavelength 0.229 nm are reflected from a crystal of barium. The first order reflection ( $n=1$ ) is at an angle of  $27.1^\circ$ . What is the distance (in pm) between layers of atoms in the crystal?
- A. 3.97 pm      B. 101 pm      C. 252 pm      D. 504 pm      E. 3970 pm
- 12) Which one of the following sets of quantum numbers is unacceptable?
- | $n$  | $m$ | $m_l$ | $m_s$ | $n$  | $m$ | $m_l$ | $m_s$ | $n$  | $m$ | $m_l$ | $m_s$ |
|------|-----|-------|-------|------|-----|-------|-------|------|-----|-------|-------|
| A. 4 | 3   | -2    | +1/2  | E. 3 | 0   | 1     | -1/2  | C. 3 | 0   | 0     | +1/2  |
| D. 2 | 1   | 1     | -1/2  | E. 2 | 0   | 0     | +1/2  |      |     |       |       |
- 13) Which of the following species have delocalized molecular orbitals:  
 $NO_3^-$ ,  $NO_2^-$ ,  $O_3$ ,  $C_6H_6$ .
- A. none of them      B.  $NO_3^-$ ,  $C_6H_6$       C.  $NO_3^-$ ,  $NO_2^-$       D.  $NO_2^-$ ,  $O_3$       E. all of them
- 14) Which of the following has the smallest dissociation energy?
- A.  $O_2^+$       B.  $O_2^{2+}$       C.  $O_2$       D.  $O_2^{2-}$       E.  $O_2^-$
- 15) Tetracyanoethylene has the following skeleton:
- 
- Which of the following statements about tetracyanoethylene is/are true?
1. The number of  $\sigma$  bonds in the molecule is 9.
  2. The number of  $\pi$  bonds in the molecule is 5.
  3. Two of the carbon atoms are  $sp^2$  hybridized.
  4. Eight atoms of the molecule are  $sp$  hybridized.
- A. 1 and 3      B. 2, 3, and 4      C. 2 and 4  
 D. 1, 3, and 4      E. all of these
- 16) The isomerization of cyclopropane follows first order kinetics. The rate constant is  $6.20 \times 10^{-4} \text{ min}^{-1}$  at 700 K, and the half-life at 760 K is 29.0 min. Calculate the activation energy for this reaction.
- A. 5.07 kJ/mol      B. 26.9 kJ/mol      C. 50.7 kJ/mol      D. 160 kJ/mol      E. 269 kJ/mol

# 淡江大學八十七學年度日間部轉學生入學考試試題

系列：化學系二年級

科目：普通化學

本試題共 三 頁

普通化學

轉學生入學考試 p. 3/3

一九九八年 七月

17) The following reaction in aqueous solution was found to be first order in  $[\text{OH}^-]$ , first order in  $[\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}]$ , and inverse first order in  $\text{Br}^-$ :  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br} + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{Br}^-$  Rate =  $k[\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br}][\text{OH}^-]/[\text{Br}^-]$   
Which one of the following mechanisms is consistent with the observed reaction order?

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>A. <math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br} \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{Br}^-</math> (fast)<br/><math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}</math> (slow)</p> <p>C. <math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br} \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{Br}^-</math> (slow)<br/><math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}</math> (fast)</p> | <p>B. <math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{H}^+ + \text{Br}^-</math> (slow)<br/><math>\text{H}^+ + \text{OH}^- \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{O}</math> (fast)</p> <p>D. <math>\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{Br} \rightleftharpoons \text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ + \text{Br}^-</math> (slow)<br/><math>\text{OH}^- + \text{Br}^- \rightarrow \text{HOBr}</math> (fast)<br/><math>\text{HOBr} + \text{C}_2\text{H}_5^+ \rightarrow \text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH} + \text{Br}^-</math> (fast)</p> |
|---|--|

E. none of these

18) The activation energy of a certain uncatalyzed reaction is 64 kJ/mol. In the presence of a catalyst the  $E_a$  is 55 kJ/mol. How many times faster is the catalyzed than the uncatalyzed reaction at 400°C?  
A. 5.0 times    B. 1.16 times    C. 15 times    D. 2.0 times    E. 0.2 times

19) The ion  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$  is octahedral and high spin. The complex is  
A. Paramagnetic, with 1 unpaired electron.    B. Paramagnetic, with 3 unpaired electron.  
C. Paramagnetic, with 4 unpaired electron.    D. Paramagnetic, with 5 unpaired electron.  
E. diamagnetic.

20) The spectrochemical series is  $\text{I}^- < \text{Br}^- < \text{Cl}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{OH}^- < \text{H}_2\text{O} < \text{NH}_3 < \text{en} < \text{NO}_2^- < \text{CN}^-$   
Which of the following complexes will absorb visible radiation of highest energy (shortest wavelength)?  
A.  $[\text{Co}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6]^{3+}$     B.  $[\text{CoI}_6]^{3+}$     C.  $[\text{Co}(\text{OH})_6]^{3-}$     D.  $[\text{Co}(\text{en})_3]^{3+}$     E.  $[\text{Co}(\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$

## 第二部份 -- 問答與計算題 【 共 20 分。 】

1 (a) Calculate  $q$ ,  $w$ ,  $\Delta E$ ,  $\Delta H$  for the reversible expansion of  $n$  mole of an ideal gas from  $V_1$  to  $V_2$  at constant temperature  $T$ .  
(b) Consider two bulbs with a stopcock between the two, the whole is in a bath at temperature  $T$ . One has volume  $V_1$  and contains  $n$  mole of an ideal gas. The other contains a vacuum initially and has a volume such that the two bulbs together has volume  $V_2$ . Calculate  $q$ ,  $w$ ,  $\Delta E$ ,  $\Delta H$  for the gas when the stopcock connecting the two bulbs is open. (12)

2 For the following compounds, predict the molecular molecular shapes. (8)

- (a)  $\text{XeF}_4$     (b)  $\text{BrF}_5$