## 淡江大學 98 學年度轉學生招生考試試題

系別:數學學系三年級

科目:高等微積分

准帶項目請打「V」 計算機 本試題共 6 大題,

頁

- 1. (20%) A function f with domain S is said to be uniformly continuous on S if and only if for every  $\varepsilon > 0$  there is  $\delta > 0$  such that  $|f(x) f(y)| < \varepsilon$  whenever  $|x y| < \delta$ ,  $x, y \in S$ .
  - (a) Show that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  is not uniformly continuous on [0,1].
  - (b) Show that  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$  is uniformly continuous on  $[1, \infty)$ .
- 2. (20%) Let  $f(x, y) =\begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0) \\ \frac{xy^2}{x^2 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \end{cases}$ 
  - (a) Find the first partial derivative of f with respect to x at (0,0), namely,  $D_1 f(0,0)$ .
  - (b) Find the first partial derivative of f with respect y at (0,0), namely,  $D_2f(0,0)$ .
  - (c) Find the directional derivative of f at (0,0) in the direction of  $(u_1, u_2)$  with  $u_1^2 + u_2^2 = 1$ .
  - (d) Is f differentiable at (0,0)? Explain your answer.
- 3. (15%) Let  $\{y_n\}$  be the sequence in R defined inductively by

$$y_1 = 1$$
,  $y_{n+1} = (2 y_n + 3)/4$ .

- (a) Show that  $0 < y_n \le 2$  by induction.
- (b) Show that  $y_n < y_{n+1}$  by induction.
- (c) Find  $\lim y_n$ .
- 4. (15%) Let  $F: \mathbb{R}^5 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  be defined by

$$F(x, y, u, v, w) = (2e^x + yu - 4v + 3, y\cos x - 6x + 2u - w)$$
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If (x, y) = (0,1) and (u, v, w) = (3,2,7), then F(x, y, u, v, w) = 0. Show that we can solve F(x, y, u, v, w) = (0,0) for (x, y) in terms of (u, v, w) near (3,2,7).

- 5. (10%) (a) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx} \int_0^{2x} (t^2 \sin t) dt$ .
  - (b) Find  $\frac{dy}{dx} \int_{x}^{2x} (t^2 \sin t) dt$ .
- 6. (20%) We say that a sequence of function  $\{f_n\}$ ,  $n=1,2,3,\ldots$  converges uniformly on  $E \subseteq R$  to a function f if for every  $\varepsilon > 0$  there is an integer N such that  $n \ge N$  implies  $|f_n(x) f(x)| < \varepsilon$  for all  $x \in E$ .
- (a) Let  $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{n}\sin(nx+n)$  on R. Find the limit function f.
- (b) Show that  $f_n(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sin(nx + n)$  converges to the limit function f uniformly on R.
- (c) Find an example of a sequence of functions  $\{f_n\}$  defined on R that are not uniformly convergent.