

淡江大學九十學年度日間部轉學生招生考試試題

系別：化學系三年級

科目：普通化學

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計算機	字典
○	✓

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普通化學

轉學生招生考試

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2001年7月

本試題雙面印製

第一部份：選擇題（單選，每題4分，共20分）

- The electron configuration of a copper atom is:
A. $[\text{Ar}]4s^24d^4$ B. $[\text{Ar}]4s^24p^63d^3$ C. $[\text{Ar}]4s^23d^7$ D. $[\text{Ar}]4s^13d^{10}$
E. $[\text{Ar}]3d^9$
- Which element will display an unusually large jump in ionization energy values between I_3 and I_4 , the 3rd and 4th ionization energies?
A. Na B. Mg C. Al D. Si E. P
- The F-Cl-F bond angles in ClF_3 are:
A. 90° only B. 109.5° only C. 120° only D. 90° and 109.5°
E. 90° and 180°
- An increase in the temperature of the reactants causes an increase in the rate of reaction. The best explanation is: As the temperature increase:
A. the concentration of reactants increases.
B. the fraction of collisions with total kinetic energy $> E_a$ increases.
C. the activation energy decreases.
D. the collision frequency increases.
E. the activation energy increases.
- When comparing acid strength of binary acids HX, as X varies within a particular group of the periodic table, which one of the following factors dominates in affecting the acid strength?
A. bond strength
B. electron withdrawing effects
C. percent ionic character of H-X bond
D. solubility
E. Le Chatelier's principle

第二部份：填充題（每題3分，共30分）

- In the coordination compound $[\text{Cr}(\text{NH}_3)_2(\text{en})\text{Cl}_2]\text{Br}_2$, where en=ethylenediamine. The *sum* of coordination number (C.N.) and oxidation number (O.N.) of the metal atom is _____.
- When an aqueous solution of AgNO_3 is electrolyzed, a gas is observed to form at the anode. The gas is _____.
- Many different ways have been proposed to make batteries. One cell is setup with copper and lead electrodes in contact with $\text{CuSO}_4(\text{aq})$ and $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2(\text{aq})$, respectively. If the Pb^{2+} and Cu^{2+} are each 1 M, the cell potential will be _____ V.

$$\text{Pb}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Pb} \quad E_o = -0.22 \text{ V}$$

$$\text{Cu}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \text{Cu} \quad E_o = +0.34 \text{ V}$$

◀ 注意背面尚有試題 ▶

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4. Refer to the above question. If sulfuric acid is added to the $\text{Pb}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ solution, forming a precipitate of PbSO_4 . The cell potential will _____. (decrease, increase or not change)
5. The molecules of different samples of an ideal gas have the same average kinetic energies at the same _____.
6. The hybridization of the central atom in ClO_3^- is _____.
7. For the chemical reaction $\text{A} + \text{B} \rightarrow \text{C}$, a plot of $[\text{A}]$ versus time is found to give a straight line with a negative slope. This is a _____-order reaction.
8. Consider ice in equilibrium with liquid water at 273 K. The relationship between $G(\text{s})$, the free energy per mole of ice and $G(\text{l})$, the free energy per mole of the liquid, is: $G(\text{s})$ _____ $G(\text{l})$. (fill in ">", "=", or "<")
9. The oxidizing agent in the following reaction is _____.

$$5\text{H}_2\text{O}_2 + 2\text{MnO}_4^- + 6\text{H}^+ \rightarrow 2\text{Mn}^{2+} + 8\text{H}_2\text{O} + 5\text{O}_2$$
10. For a conjugate acid-base pair, the relationship between its K_a and K_b can be described by an equation: _____.

第三部份：計算問答題（共 50 分）

1. Pure carbon was burned in an excess of oxygen. The gaseous products were CO_2 (72.0 mol%), CO (16.0 mol%), and O_2 (12.0 mol%). How many moles of O_2 were present in the initial reaction mixture for every mole of carbon? (10%)
2. Calculate the solubility of solid silver chromate (Ag_2CrO_4 , $K_{sp} = 9.0 \times 10^{-12}$) in a 0.100 M solution of AgNO_3 . (10%)
3. A certain first-order reaction has a half-life of 20.0 min.
 - a. Calculate the rate constant for this reaction. (10%)
 - b. How much time is required for this reaction to be 75% complete? (5%)
4. a. Using the relationship : $\ln(K) = -\Delta H^\circ / (RT) + \Delta S^\circ / R$
 show that for a system at equilibrium the equilibrium will shift to the right for an endothermic process when the temperature is increased. (5%)
 - b. Use the above equation to estimate the value of ΔG° for the autoionization of water at its critical temperature, 374 °C. ($K_w = 1.00 \times 10^{-14}$ at 25 °C; ΔS° for the reaction is $-75.6 \text{ JK}^{-1}\text{mol}^{-1}$; $R = 8.3145 \text{ JK}^{-1}\text{mol}^{-1}$) (10%)