系別: 各學系

科目:英 文

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第	部份:選擇題
	·字彙 (20%):請將答案劃在 <u>答案卡</u> 上
1.	Bats and owls are creatures. A) maternal b) nocturnal c) diurnal d) faithful
2.	Even Presidents must perform such activities as brushing their teeth and
	washing their hands and faces. a) pleasant b) mundane c) rich d) expensive
3.	One of Islam is that its followers should not drink alcohol. a) tenet b) answer
	c) gesture d) prediction
4.	The death of a spouse can cause depression that, in some cases, can even
	lead to the death of the partner. A) wild b) mild c) attractive d) profound
5.	Human beings are creatures—they can often bounce back from negative
	experiences and adjust well to life. a) stubborn b) resilient c) inactive d) lenient
6.	Although investments in the stock market can be, they can also result in
	great financial loss. A) succinct b) lucrative c) disposable d) indispensible
7.	"I've seen students check answer sheets during exams," said Professor
	Armstrong. a) surreptitiously b) unwittingly c) adversely d) conversely
8.	is commonplace where I work: the boss's daughter is vice-president of the
	company. a) Autism b) Nepotism c) Idealism c) Altruism
9.	Fresh garlic may not the breath, but it certainly does improve spaghetti sauce.
	a) enhance b) remark c) struggle d) scrutinize
10.	The of the computer has led to fewer manufacturing jobs. a) confusion b)
	advent c) vent d) success
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二、克漏字測驗(20%)

Even though the writings which _11_ the *Analects* are presented as short dialogs between Confucius and students or famous people of that time, the reader can get a good picture of the type of man that Confucius was. He had a strong character and believed firmly in the goodness of men. He also tried to show his students the importance of culture and education for all people. Especially _12_ education, Confucius believed that learning never stops over one's lifetime, and the best students must, be flexible, imaginative, tenacious, and dedicated _13_. Confucius encouraged his students to _14_ each other and _15_ him about ethics and morals. He refused to talk about the forces of heaven and life after death.

- 11. A) take up b) get up c) make up d) use up
- 12. A) with a view to b) in the hope of c) with regard to d) in addition to
- 13. A) in learning b) of learning c) for learning d) to learning
- 14. A) take with b) get even c) argue with d) look up to
- 15. A) with b) on c) for d) off

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Japan's strangeness doesn't _16_ you in the eye: it's _17_ in hidden corners and takes burrowing into. At first sight it appears overwhelmingly westernized, technologically light years ahead of the rest of us, famously efficient, an industrial nation of workaholics and brilliant copyists.

But _18_ the modernization, the Japanese _19_ their own traditions. One of the best ways to experience something of Japan's cultural traditions and hospitality is to stay at a ryokan.

Ryokan means inn in Japanese and they are _20_ the country, as variable in quality and price (dinner and breakfast are always included) as hotels anywhere. What differs is the degree of service, the setting and the food.

- 16. a) get into b) hit c) look at d) take
- 17. a) tucked b) tucked off c) tucked out d) tucked away
- 18. a) inside b) outside c) on top of d) beneath
- 19. a) are deeply steeped in b) make up for c) are deeply rooted in c) in spite of
- 20. a) all in all b) all so c) all over d) for all

三、閱讀測驗 (Reading Comprehension): 20%

When we call someone "pig" or "swine," we do not mean it as a compliment. But pigs do not deserve to be used as a symbol for an insult. They are probably not as dirty as they are made out to be. According to one pig keeper, swine are very clean when allowed to live in a clean environment. He feels that pigs are usually dirty simply because their keepers don't clean their pens. In any case, no one has proven that the pig that wallows in mud prefers that to a cool bath. Furthermore, pigs are smarter than most people think. Many farmers, for example, have observed that pigs frequently undo complicated bolts on gates in search of adventure or romance. So the next time you call someone a pig, perhaps he or she ought to be someone you wish to praise.

- 21. In general, the major details of this passage are
 - a) reasons why pigs are dirty. B) reasons why pigs should not be used as symbols for insults. c) reasons why pigs and swine are synonymous. d) ways to insult or compliment people.
- 22. Specifically, the major details are
 - a) Pigs are probably not as dirty as people think; pigs are smarter than most people think. b) Pigs may be dirty because their pens are dirty. c) People use pig and swine as insults; pig and swine should be considered praise. d) Pigs are good for performance.
- 23. One pig keeper feels that pigs will stay clean if they are a) given baths b) praised c) kept in a clean environment d) punished

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Psychology recognizes two types of research, experimental and differential. The former is concerned mainly with the overall processes governing human activities, and the latter sets out to establish individual differences in performance. More recent studies have demonstrated the need for a third type of psychological study, namely, that which has to do with human development. Rather than considering this aspect of human performance as a part of the first two types, scientists have noted that developmental research indeed belongs in a separate category in and of itself. Piaget's work would indisputably fall in the area of developmental theories that have had great impact on both experimental and differential research. When examining Piaget's studies, it is necessary to keep in mind that, while his theories have been highly influential, his methodology has been strongly criticized. The primary shortfall of his work has to do with a lack of definition and standardization in his data and experiment design.

- 24. According to the above passage, what is the central goal of experimental research?

 a) To arrive at a general classification of individuals b) to analyze individual differences in human activity c) to establish the psychological processes governing humans d) to administer experiments on humans and processes
- 25. It can be inferred from the passage that the author is a proponent of a) reversing current trends in research b) furthering a third branch of investigation c) abolishing experimental and differential studies d) assessing a need for human development
- 26. According to the passage, developmental psychology belongs in a) the domain of Piaget's work b) a category of dispute studies c) its own unique area of study d) other domains of research
- 27. In the above passage, the phrase "to keep in mind" is closest in meaning to a) remember b) restate c) remark d) resolve
- 28. What is considered to be the greatest drawback of Piaget's research? A) His methodology was not based on an influential theory. b) His methodology was unsystematic, and his data were haphazard. c) His developmental theories and findings were not recognized. d) His studies did not undergo thorough examination.
- 29. According to the author's implications, which branch of psychology appears to be particularly controversial? A) experimental b) theoretical c) differential d) developmental
- 30. Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage as a type of psychology research? A) differential b) Experimental c) Developmental d) Influential

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第二部份:非選擇題(請將答案寫在答案紙上,並標明題號)

- 一、英文造句(20%):請先寫出下列中文意思(否則不予計分),再造一個英文
- 句子。每題四分
- look forward to
 take part in
- 3. to take . . . for granted
- 4. without a doubt
- 5. in contrast
- 二、英文寫作(20%)

請討論你對婚姻 (Marriage) 的看法,寫一篇文長約 150 字的英文作文。