系別:各學系

科目:英文

本試題共与可真

INSTRUCTIONS

- A. This examination paper contains Part A and Part B. Part A comprises categories I-IV (Questions 1-35), a multiple type of tests, accounting for 70%, while Part B takes 30%.
- B. All answers are to be written on the answer sheet.
- C. Part B is to be answered in short English sentences.

PART ONE (Questions 1-35): 70%

I. Vocabulary in Context

You are to choose the one word marked A, B, C, or D that best keeps the meaning of the original sentence if it is substituted for the italicized word or phrase.

- 1. The Chinese folk story "Ten Brothers" examines the traditional value of *filial piety* in our modern society.
 - A. universal brotherhood B. paternal love C. children's respect for parents
 - D. romantic love.
- 2. American Online (AOL) managed to outnumber its competitors—most notable Bill Gates' Microsoft—and along the way made some of business' savviest decision.
 - A. shrewdest B. hardest C. most challenging D. greatest
- 3. It is imperative to stabilize Taiwan's political and economic situation as soon as possible.
 - A. impossible B. permissible C. advantageous D. necessary
- 4. The Red Lions, Taipei premier soccer team, is now recruiting new players for possible tournament play in Cambodia, Vietnam, and Thailand.
 - A. training B. enlisting C. introducing D. eliminating
- 5. I am still contemplating the *myriad* possibilities of that metaphor.
 - A. mysterious B. innumerable C. numerical D. calculable
- 6. People complained that they had to park their vehicles far from the schools because of the barricades.
 - A. congested traffic B. barrages C. barriers D. intersection.
- 7. Several brief scuffles at voting stations in Taipei were reported.
 - A. arguments B. confused fight C. revolts D. demonstrations
- 8. Learning foreign languages has been my predilection since childhood.
 - A. unpleasant experience B. extra duty C. routine job D. special liking
- 9. The exhibition not only presents the *indigenous* glass artworks in China but also explores the relationships between glasswork and jade work.
 - A. native B. creative C. inventive D. elaborate
- 10. The politician said at a brief press conference at the CKS International Airport.
 - A. urgent B. emergency C. simultaneous D. news

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II. Phrases, Idioms, and Allusions		·
Questions 11-20 are incomplete sentences. Five phrases marked A, B, C, D, and E	E are given	
above each group of five sentences. You are to choose the one phrase that best con	mpletes	
any one of the five sentences in each group. (Note: Each phrase can be used only	once.)	
A. Achilles heel B. subject to C. Rounding up D. turned out E. In spite	of	
11. If a country is not strong, her overseas citizens are often ill treatment.		
12. Over the last decade, writer-director David Mamet has consistently great film.	eat film	
13 the wooing and dining and access, a good stylist will keep an independent	ent mind.	
14. His secretary is pretty, smart, and efficient; her is her quick temper.	-	
15 the album are several vaporous instrumental pieces by the MDH band e air of gauzy melancholy, yet also an enveloping warmth.	voking an	
A. put off B. kick off C. sign up D. olive branch E. with flying col	lors	
16. Having studied diligently day and night, I hope I can pass the entrance exams		
17. The National Museum of History will an exhibition about the Florentine		
18. Most people wonder when the new government in Taiwan will hold out an		
mainland China.		
19. The invitation might be, at least for the time being, due to the improper	time.	
20. The Tamsui Beach Country Club welcomes new members to for rides on the beach.	n and	
III. Grammar	_	
Identify the one underlined word or phrase marked A, B, C, or D that should be cor rewritten.	rected or	
21. Dressing for the Academy Awards are also be chance to change the reputation	of a star or	
A B C	D	
a designer. 22. Because the cold front, the western part of the island might experience foggy		
	weather.	
A B C D 23 Hook forward to meet Mr. Chan and learning more about his noticing	•	
23. I look forward to meet Mr. Chen and learning more about his policies. A B C D		
24. The media proved unanimous in its support of the presidential election. A B C D	•	:
25. The number of heterosexual cases of AIDS, especially in heterosexual young v	women, are	
A C	D.	
increasing rapidly.		
26. People with money and power should not insult those who, in the very heart of	f the country, feel	
A B		
as though they are on the outside fighting to get in		

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2	7. Industry and his resolute pe	ersistence in the	pursue of l	earning in di	sadvantageous ci	rcumstances
		A	В	С		D
	eventually led him to succ					1 *
2	8. Little they knew in 1926,			st began, that	it would have su	ch an impact
•	A			В	C	D
	on people's everyday live					
2	9. Chinese Americans have	also demonstrat	ed outstand	ling performa	ances in architecti	ure, law,
	A		В		C	
•	politics, and etc.		•			
•	D			0 0		1
3	0. A well regulated militia is	s necessary to th	e security of	of a free state	e, the right of the	people
		. a. a.		В		
	to bear arms shall not be	infringed.				
	C D					• • •
3	1. The more aware we are o	f the relativity o	f cultural d		e likely we are to	be sensitive
	A	\mathbf{B}			C	D
	to the other cultures.	· ·	•			
				•	<u>.</u>	
I	V. Kinds of Sentences					
I	dentify the following sentence	es whether each	of them be	longs to one	of the following:	
	A. a simple sentence,	B. a compou	ind sentenc	e, C. a co	mplex sentence, o)ľ
	D. a compound comp	lex sentence.				
	-	: .	:·.			
3	2. Life is what we make it.		•			
3	3. If a person yells fire in a cr	rowded theater,	is it a crime	and should	he be punished?	•
3	4. A man may lead a successi	ful and prospero	us life, but	prosperity a	lone can not insur	e happiness.
3	5. Like all gifts, music has br	ought solace, co	mfort, and	joy to men a	nd women every	where.
	•					
	PART TWO: 30% (Questio	ns 36-38)		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · ·	
	V. Topic Sentence				•	
	The topic sentence of each of	the following p	aragraphs l	nas been omi	tted. After a car	eful reading,
	write an appropriate topic sen	itence for each p	aragraph.			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · ·	
	36. Even before World	War II, Ameri	icans			
	Food especially	got treated as th	ough there	would never	be quite enough.	One day's
	chicken became next day	's hash, and yest	terday's lef	tover vegetal	ole wound up wit	h bones and
	gristle in soups and stews	. Stale bread g	ot crushed	into cooking	crumbs. This p	ractice was
	also applied to fabrics.	_		_		
	Frayed shirt collars got tu		•			
	the buttons were salvaged		•		-	
	as a dish cloth, a shoe wip			`		
				• •		
	fabric. Tissue went into a	giii-wrapping K	n. waxy	oread paper	packaging becam	e wrappers to

往意背面尚有試題》

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school lunches, and old newspapers serve multi purposes.

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To begin with, this sense seems so essential to us that we have at least four common verbs in English to describe various ways of using eyes. We can *look*, we can *glance* (look quickly and then look away), we can *stare* (look for a long time, perhaps rudely), and we can *glare* (stare angrily). We sometimes equate this sense with intellectual understanding. When we understand what someone is saying, we might say, "I see what you mean." We also use the sense of sight in the opposite way—that is, to suggest lack of understanding. When we don't understand something, we say that we are "in the dark"; and in a situation which we cannot (and perhaps even stubbornly refuse to) understand, our friends might accuse us of being "blind to truth." Lack of light (and therefore of sight as well) is sometimes even associated with unpleasant character traits: a *gloomy* person is too serious, and a particularly unpleasant person is said to have a "dark side" to his or her personality. The presence of light, however, suggests hope and optimism. When we are feeling pessimistic about things, our friends remind us to "look on the bright side," or they comfort us with assurance that "every cloud has a silver lining."

VI. Central Idea

Read the following essay and then write a sentence of no more than 15 words to summarize its central idea in your own words.

Make him the first child to survive in a poor Italian family of 18 children, and you have an Enrico Caruso.

Have him born of parents who survived a Nazi concentration camp, paralyze him from the waist down when he is four, and you have an incomparable concert violinist, Itzhak Perlman.

Call him a slow learner, "retarded," and write him off as uneducable, and you have an Albert Einstein.

Cripple him, and you have a Sir Walter Scott.

Lock him in a prison cell, and you have a George Washington.

Raise him in an abject poverty, and you have an Abraham Lincoln.

Subject him to bitter religious prejudice, and you have a Disraeli.

Strike him down with infantile paralysis, and he becomes a Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Burn him so severely in a schoolhouse fire that the doctors say he will never walk again, and you have a Glenn Cunnigham, who set the world's record in 1934 for running a mile in 4 minutes and 6.7 seconds.

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Deafen a genius composer, and you have a Ludwig van Beethoven.

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