淡江大學九十四學年度轉學生招生考試試題

系別: 會計學系三年級 科目:會計學(一)

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木は題井 ユー 百						

	、(20%) True-False Statements (是非題:對的寫	SO, 錯的寫 X)				
) 1. Depreciation is a valuation concept.					
) 2. Cash flow from investing activities is considered the most important category					
	on the statement of cash flows because it is o	considered the best	measure of			
	expected income.					
() 3. Applying accrual accounting results in a mor	e accurate measur	ement of net			
	income for the period than does cash basis a	ecounting.				
() 4. The LIFO reserve is the difference between	ending inventory u	sing LIFO and			
	ending inventory if FIFO were used instead.					
() 5. A change in the estimated salvage value of	a plant asset requir	res a restatement			
	of prior years' depreciation.					
(
	revenue has been recorded and needs adjust	ing and unearned r	evenue has			
	never been recorded.					
() 7. The LIFO inventory method tends to smooth	n out the peaks and	l valleys of a			
	business cycle.					
() 8. If a corporation issued bonds at an amount l	ess than face value	e, it indicates that			
	the corporation has a weak credit rating.					
(() 9. The amount of a cash dividend liability is recorded on the date of record					
•	because it is on that date that the persons or	entities who will i	receive the			
	dividend are identified.					
(() 10. If prices never changed there would be no need for alternative inventory					
	methods.					
ت	= (20%) Presented below are a series of unrelated		مطع المراسية على 004			
	1. Don Company's unadjusted trial balance					
	following accounts.	Debit	Credit			
	Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$4,000	#1 500 000			
	Net sales	404 0	\$1,500,000			
	Don Company estimates its bad debt ex					
	the balance in the Allowance for Doub	thil Accounts of	Don Company at			
	December 31, 2004?					
	2. An analysis and aging of Ben Corp. accord	ints receivable at I	Jecember 31,			
	2004, disclosed the following.	41.1	£150,000			
	Amounts estimated to be uncollect	ible	\$150,000 1,650,000			
	Accounts receivable	lahit halanga)	1,030,000			
	Allowance for doubtful accounts (c		•			
	What is the net realizable value of Ben's	receivables at Dec	ember 31, 2004?			

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3. Hoa Co. provides for doubtful accounts based on 3% of credit sales. The following data are available for 2004.

Credit sales during 2004

\$2,100,000

Allowance for doubtful accounts 1/1/04

14,000

Collection of accounts written off in prior years

8,000

Customer accounts written off as uncollectible during 2004 30,000 What is the balance in the Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of Hoa Co. at

December 31, 2004?

4. At the end of its first year of operations, December 31, 2004, CoCo Inc. reported the following information.

Accounts receivable, net of allowance of doubtful accounts

\$950,000

Customer accounts written off as uncollectible during 2004

24,000

Bad debt expense for 2004

74,000

What should be the balance in accounts receivable at December 31, 2004, Before subtracting the allowance for doubtful accounts?

 \equiv \cdot (20%) The Darson Company prepared the following income statement using the cash basis of accounting:

THE DARSON COMPANY

Income Statement, Cash Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2004

Service revenue	\$380,000
Expenses	220,000
Net income	\$160,000

Additional data:

- 1. Service revenue does not include \$40,000 of services rendered on account because the collection will not be until 2005. It includes \$20,000 of service revenue earned in 2003 and collected in 2004.
- 2. Expenses do not include \$15,000 of expenses on account because payment will not be made until 2005. On December 31, 2004, borrow \$100,000, one year, and interest rate 6%, from bank.
- 3. Depreciation on a company whole fixed assets for the year amounted to \$8,000.
- On July 1, 2004, paid for a two-year insurance policy on the automobile amounting to \$2,000. On January 1, 2004, paid for office equipment amounted to \$5,000.

Required:

(a) Recast the above income statement on the accrual basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Show computations.

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29 • The following information is available for Fullson Company for 2004. Fullson uses the LIFO inventory method.

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Beginning inventory	\$ 500,000
Ending inventory	700,000
Beginning LIFO reserve	100,000
Ending LIFO reserve	300,000
Cost of goods sold	6,000,000
Sales	8,000,000

Required:

- (a) Calculate the inventory turnover ratio and days in inventory for Fullson Company based on LIFO. (Assume: 1 year = 365 days) (6%)
- (b) Calculate the inventory turnover ratio and days in inventory after adjusting for the LIFO reserve. (14%)
- 五、Presented below are a series of unrelated situations.
- 1. (10%) A machine cost \$60,000, has annual depreciation expense of \$12,000, and has accumulated depreciation of \$30,000 on December 31, 2003. On April 1, 2004, when the machine has a fair value of \$24,000, it is exchanged for a similar machine with a fair value of \$72,000 and the proper amount of cash is paid.

Required:

Prepare all entries that are necessary at April 1, 2004.

- 2. (10%) Repare journal entries to record the following transactions related to long-term bonds of Renn Co.
- (a) On April 1, 2004, Renn issued \$900,000, 9% bonds for \$968,163 including accrued interest. Interest is payable annually on January 1, and the bonds mature on January 1, 2014.
- (b) On July 1, 2006 Renn retired \$270,000 of the bonds at 102 plus accrued interest. Renn uses straight-line amortization.