本試題雙面印刷

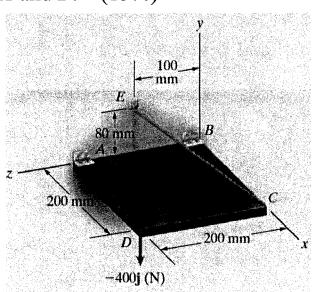
淡江大學 102 學年度日間部轉學生招生考試試題

系別:機械與機電工程學系三年級 科目:工程力學(含靜力學、動力學、材料力學)

考試日期:7月24日(星期三) 第3節

本試題共 6 大題, 2 頁

- 1. The plate in Fig.1 is supported by hinges at A and B and the cable CE. The properly aligned hinges do not exert couples on the plate, and the hinge at A does not exert a force on the plate in the direction of the hinge axis. Determine the reactions at the hinges and the tension in the cable. (15%)
- 2. The beam in Fig.2 is subjected to two distributed loads. Determine the reactions at *A* and *B*. (15%)



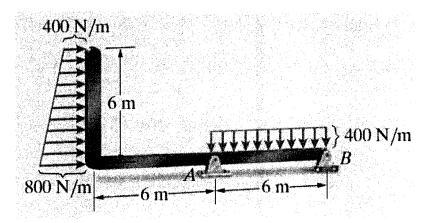


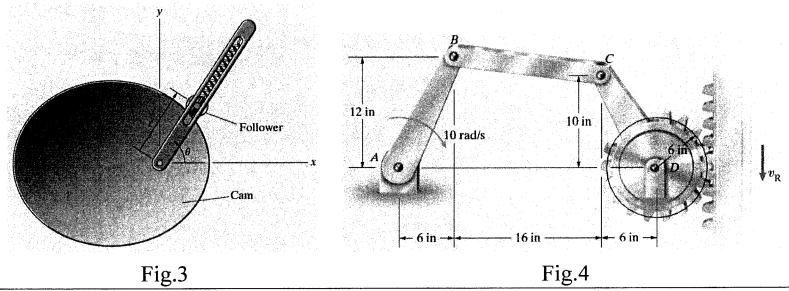
Fig.1

Fig.2

3. In Fig.3 the cam-follower mechanism shown, the slotted bar rotates with constant angular velocity $\omega = 4 \, \text{rad/s}$, and the radial position of the follower is determined by the elliptic profile of the stationary cam. The path of the follower is described by the polar equation $r = \frac{0.15}{1 + 0.5 \cos \theta}$ m. Determine the velocity of the

follower when $\theta = 45^{\circ}$ in terms of (a) polar coordinates and (b) cartesian coordinates. (15%)

4. Bar AB rotates with a clockwise angular velocity of $10 \,\mathrm{rad/s}$. What is the vertical velocity $v_{\rm R}$ of the rack of the rack-and-pinion gear? (15%)



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- 5. The horizontal rigid beam ABCD is supported by vertical bars BE and CF and is loaded by vertical forces $P_1 = 400 \text{kN}$ and $P_2 = 360 \text{kN}$ acting at points A and D, respectively (see Fig.5). Bars BE and CF are made of steel (E = 200 GPa) and have cross-sectional areas $A_{BE} = 11100 \text{mm}^2$ and $A_{CF} = 9280 \text{mm}^2$. The distances between various points on the bars are shown in the figure. Determine the vertical displacements δ_A and δ_D of points A and D, respectively. (20%)
- 6. A stepped shaft ABC consisting of two solid circular segments is subjected to torques T_1 and T_2 acting in opposite directions, as shown in Fig.6. The larger segment of the shaft has a diameter of $d_1 = 58$ mm and length $L_1 = 760$ mm; the smaller segment has a diameter of $d_2 = 45$ mm and length of $L_2 = 510$ mm. The material is steel with shear modulus G = 76GPa, and the torques are $T_1 = 2300$ N-m and $T_2 = 900$ N-m.
 - (a) Calculate the maximum shear stress τ_{max} in the shaft and the angle of twist ϕ_c (in degrees) at end C. (10%)
 - (b) If the maximum shear stress in BC must be the same as that in AB, what is the required diameter of segment BC? What is the resulting twist at end C? (10%)

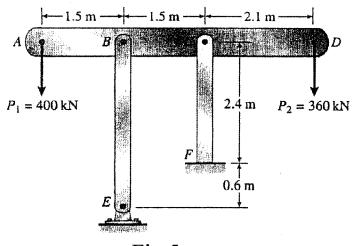


Fig.5

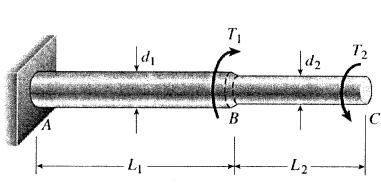


Fig.6